VOL. IV. NO. 18.

CHELSEA, MICH., JULY 15, 1892.

WHOLE NUMBER, 174

#### THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Friday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block. Chelsea, Mich.,

-BY O. T. HOOVER. ferms:-\$1.00 per year in advance.

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Advertising rates reasonable and made know on application.

DIEMENSCHNEIDER & SHAVER Proprs of The "City" Barber Shop. Kempf Bros. old bank build-

CAIELSEA, Місн.

D McCOLGAN. Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur,

Office and residence second door west of Methodist church.

Office hours 3 to 6 p. m. CHELSEA

O EO. W. TURNBULL as Pension Attorney in the Interior Department, is now prepared to obtain pensions for all ex-soldiers, widows. etc., entitled thereto. None but legal

CD. BOYD

fees charged.

The Popular Barber, is located in the basement under R. S. Armstrong & Co.'s drug store. Give him a call.

DR. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Having spent four years in the study and practice of dentistry, I am prepared to do work in all branches of my line. Extracting made easy by the use of local anæsthetic. Give me a call that I may prove myself worthy rangements are concerned. What has bor. of your patronage. Office over Kempfs been done in the way of modern im-

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

## Chelsea Sayings Bank.

At Chelsea, Michigan,

At the close of Business, May 17, 1892.

RESOURCES Loans and discounts.... \$ 77.279.44 Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc 63,791.17 Due from banks in reserve cities..... Due from other banks and bankers..... Furniture and fixtures . . . 4,005.20 Other real estate..... Current expenses and taxes paid ..... Interest paid..... Exchanges for clearing house..... Checks and cash items... Nickels and pennies..... Gold ..... U. S. and National Bank

2,000,00 Notes ..... 5,325.00 Total..... \$213,975.33 LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in.... \$ 50,000.00

Surplus fund..... Undivided profits..... Individual deposits..... 22,255.37 Savings deposits...... 128,049.60

Total..... \$213,975.33

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, 88. I, Geo. P. Glazier, eashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the cent. The ordinary normal ratio is above statement is true to the best of

my knowledge and belief. GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier. THOS. S. SEARS Correct—Attest: } F. P. GLAZIER

( HEMAN M. WOODS Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of May 1892. THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.



WASHINGTON LETTER.

An Interesting Budget from the Nation' Capital.

WASHINGTON, July 8, 1892-The silver bill was referred to a committee on coinage yesterday without opposition, the anti-silver men having ceased their fight against the reference. The antisilver men claim that they will have a majority against the measure, but they are probably overconfident. A secret reason given for the withdrawal of the that the committee on rules would take measures to compel the reference if the filibustering was persisted in.

meeting of the committee on coinage has been called for this morning and for the two additional vessels, one bethe chairman has assurance that every ing a sea-going coast line battle ship, member will be present, Mr. Pierce says that in committee they have an MICH. absolute certainty of a majority, not counting Mr. Kilgore, who may be regarded as doubtful. The expectation. Having been admitted to practice of the silvermen is that the bill will be reported from the committee in a few cruiser was a provision of the house. days and that it will be voted on in the house early next week. They expect a report from the committee on rules in favor of majority suspension days at boats were disagreed to and stricken intevals between now and the end of the session, and anticipate a vote on this bill under a motion to suspend the rules by a majority vote and pass the bill. It is confessed that the vote will be close. and both sides claim that they have a majority.

In the face of the highest expert tes timony we are reluctantly forced to the conclusion that the splendid arcitectural pile known as the capitol of the - United States is a little better than a pest hole so far as its plumbing and sanitary arprovements in this direction is inade- is crocheting a pair of lace curtains quate and what has been left undone is half a century or more behind the times. Some of the statements made by Senator Vest, of the committee on public buildings and grounds, in regard to this matter are astounding and almost incredible, and indicate atmospheric conditions in the senate chamber, in the senate restaurant, in the committee rooms, and especially in the toilet room of the supreme court, which the experts call a "sanitary curiosity," that must of neeessity prove seriously detri-29,821.07 mental to health as they be repulsive to the imagination and shocking to the 17,042.22 principles of ordinary decency and cleanliness. That the captol should be relieved of the poisonous exhalations that now permeat it without the least unnecessary delay, and without any haggling as to the requisite cost, admits of no argument, and it is generally be-1.112.56 lieved that if the work is taken hold of 179.02 at once and vigorously prosecuted, it can be finished before the begining of the next session. The report of the omhas gone to the committee on apppropriations, and will doubtless receive prompt attention. At least \$68,000 wil be needed to make the necessary improvements, or \$91,000 including the

> senate wing. While the total population of the United States increased between 1889 and 1890 24.66 per cent. the males in creased 25.66 and the females 24.02 per perhaps preserved between the sexes The figures as to foreign and native born are interesting and exceedingly instructive. Again, suppressing all but percentages, so as not to burden the memory with figures, it is found in the census tables recently issued that the native born increase during the last decade was only 22.76 per cent against 31.78 per cent in the decade of 1870-1880 while the foreign born increase from 1880 to 1890 was 38.37 percent as against 19.99 percent for the previous ten years. This shows a large increase in foreign and a large decrease in native born pop-

kitchen, which appears to be in worse

need of renovation, fumigation, and

disinfection than any other part of the

pulation in the past decade. The time has come when the date for holding inauguration and beginning Congresses should be changed. The 30th of April, as proposed in the joint resolution reported in the house, is the date of the first inauguration of Gen. Washington, and it is suitable date. The 4th of March is frequently stormy and is nearly always an uncomfortable day for an outdoor ceremony. It has a co. | been thought by those who have ob-

served its effects that mauguration day has produced more sickness than any or all other celebrations, and for the obvious reason that the crowd stands or sits in the open air, often exposed to inclemencies of the winter season. The passage of the joint resolution has long been urged for the above and other reasons. It ought to be enacted and sent to the states as soon as possible for action by their legislation.

The conference on the naval approopposition is that they were informed priation bill have at last reached an agreement. The bill as agreed upon increases the appropriation about \$66.-000 over the amount carried by the bill as passed by the house, and provides designed to carry the heaviest armor and most powerful ordinance, with a displacement of about 9,000 tons, and one armored cruiser of about 8,000 tons displacement. The battle ship was placed in the bill by the senate and the The amendments of the the senate for one harbor defense ship, monitor type four light draft gunboats and six torpedo out of the bill, as were a large number of other amendments proposed by the

> Some of the gentlemen who tried to sit on the fence in connection with the silver question seem to have discovered that it was charged with campaign electricity.

> > From Our Neighbors.

The Democrat thinks that a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals should be organized at Ann Ar-

Mrs. Geo. Colgrove of Ann Arbor, which she expects to exhibit at the world's fair.

An Uncle Tom's Cabin Company, playing under canvas is making the rounds, and all the papers published where they have stopped, are not giving them very flattering notices.

Misfortune seems "to be the lot of Will Glover, of Saline. About two weeks ago, he broke one of his arms, and the member has only started to mend when he up and gets married.

Miss Eunice Lambie, of Ypsilanti, was a passenger on the ocean steamer, City of Chicago, that went ashore off the coast of Ireland recently. Acablegram from her that she was safe set the minds of her friends at rest.

I am told that there are many children whose ages ranged from 6 to 10 years, at the Relief park Monday, considerably under the influence of beer. Some of the little fellows would walk up to those men who hardly knew what they were about, they were so far over the bay, and would take their glasses filled with beer, drain them and then scamper off for new fields .-Ann Arbor Democrat,

The streets of this village were lighted by electricity for the first time last Friday evening, and presented a beautiful appearance. A large number of our citizens were out walking or driving, the better to enjoy the lights. The arc lights to be used on Exchange Place will not be placed until the new dynamo arrives in August, because the dynamo now in use is already much overtaxed on account of the increased number of lights called for on the commercial circuit, over what they expected to get when the plant was purchased .- Manchester Enterprise.

Quite a laughable sight it was during the bonfire which was blazing at early hour on the morning of the Fourth when on top of the board fence opposite Christ Marion's there were seated some twenty-five or thirty gentlemen of our village eagerly watching and enjoying the sport. Just at that time the row of corn growing in the mud on the opposite side of the fence was fearfully disturbed and the way the boys pulled themselves up out ranted for one year. of the dirt and mud was a corker. What had happened? The posts had broken close to the earth and about stx rods of fence had simply tipped

# H. S. HOLMES & CO.

In looking over our Boot and Shoe Department we find we have too many goods for this season of the year.

Therefore in order to reduce our stock we shall during

offeranything in this Department

### REDUCED PRICE.

If you wish to buy anything in Men's, Ladies', Misses' or Children's Shoes, come and see what we can do for you.

We shall sell the best Rubber Boot made for \$2.00 per pair, never sold for less than \$2.75.

#### CLOTHING DEPT

We shall continue to offer in this Department great values during July. Our stock of Straw Hats, Furnishing Goods, Etc., is complete.

# H. S. HOLMES & CO.

## PURCHASERS

Who wish to get the BEST VALUES FOR THEIR MONEY

SHOULD BUY

# WEAR RESISTER SHOES

R. A. Snyder's

# ≪PRINTED FORD>

machine you per-faction. It does not mat- ter what name it bears. If there is any part of it that you do not under-stand we

adepts in this line. made a study of machinof every manufac in the cit y, and we know what we are talking about too.

have a establishplant for machines kind and ture. We finest ex cha nies

m a chine pretence. than help your ma-be careful to send to you need done. A postal i all that is required to have us call up-

SEWING MACHINE CO. AGENCY.

ORGAN CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

# HUMMEL & WHITAKER.

Bring your broken down timepieces and have them matic Safety, which is fully repaired at the hospital guaranteed in every way where careful repairing by a company of undoubtand regulating is done. All ed responsibility. Please watch and clock work war- call and examine one for

Agent for Columbia Pneuyourself.

PERFUMES.

PERFUMES.

C. HILL, THE JEWELER.

### STRAINED SITUATION

TREATMENT OF THE SURREN-DERED PINKERTONS.

The Works Will Start Up Soon Without Union Labor-The Big Inman Liner a Total Wreck-Results of the British Elections.

#### The Lawmakers.

On the 7th, the House rassed a resolution to investigate the Homestead conflict, and the Oates resolution regarding the investigation of the Pinkerton system was reported favorably. The Senate was addressed by Senator Palmer and others upon the Homestead riots. Items in the sundry civil bill appropriatics \$500,000 for the Government exhibit at the World's Fair and \$320,000 for the National Commission

#### Rest on Their Arms.

LATE Homestead, Pa., dispatches say the situation is very like that of several thousand terriers watching for several thousand rats to appear. There is slim prospect from present indications of the 'rats," or Pinkerton men, who are referred to as rodents, giving the terriers an opportunity to use their fangs again. The next enemy to combat will be the regular State militia, and the 4,000 Carnegie strikers and their 4,000 friends, who made up the resisting and victorious force, say they are ready for them and that they will give battle to any and all opponents. The strikers at present have everything their own way. A body of determined men surround the mill and challenge the approach of every man who ventures too close to an imaginary "death line," a hundred yards away from the mill fences. Three thousand men are distributed all over the town, and so carefully are these lookouts deployed that not a soul can enter or leave the town without giving an account of himself. The prolonged and desperate battle between the Pinkerton men on the two barges and the lockedout employes ended, after a contest of fourteen hours, in the unconditional surrender of the Pinkerton men. At five o'clock in the afternoon on the day of the assault, while bombs and lighted waste were being thrown on the barge, a Pinkerton man appeared on the deck and waved a white handkerchief This was the signal for the surrender, and Jack Clifford, a heater's helper, rushed on board and tried to to keep the workmen off. He was powerless to do so, and the cheering workmen, with guns in hand, rushed on board. Then the landing of the vanquished commenced. It iasted over an hour. They came ashore singly and in parties, and as they reached the top of the bank they were pounced upon by the crowd, beaten with clubs and butts, kicked and knocked down and trampled upon. It was a horrible sight for the noncombatants. An angry mob lined the street on both sides. As the men passed by, each in charge of two deputies, the mill men and their friends kicked them and threw some of them down. The Pinkertons begged for mercy. Some of them had pistol shot wounds in their heads and three were seen who had their eyes shot out. Several were shot in the shoulders, arms, and legs, and could scarcely limp along. They were finally locked in the Opera House, and the wounded attended to.

#### Frick Will Fight.

CARNEGIE has thrown down the gauntlet. He, Thursday afternoon, through H. C. Frick, manager of the consolidated companies, declared to a press representative that "under no circumstances will we have any dealings with the Amalgamated Association as an organization. This is final." means that Carnegie's immense works will in future be operated by non-union labor. It also means war to the knife and bloodshed must inevitably follow.

#### BREVITIES.

JOHN JONES, a piano factory hand of Springfield, Ohio, fell into a vat of boiling water and was scalded to death.

MARY FILMAN, of St. Louis, was murdered by Louis Ulmer, her tenant, while he was under the influence of drink.

THE total casualties from the fight at Homestead are sixteen killed outright

and sixty-two wounded. Others will die. THE returns so far of the British Parliamentary elections show 125 Conservatives returned, 97 Liberals, 19 Liberal Unionists, 8 anti-Parnellites, and 2 Par-

GOV. EAGLE of Arkansas is seriously ill with malarial fever, and his physicians and friends are greatly alarmed by his condition and express fear that he cannot recover.

THE police of Allegheny, Pa., refused to permit Johann Most to speak at a meeting anarchists were to have held in a public hall. It is alleged that Most has been seeking to incite workingmen there to violence.

THE business part of Pocomoke City, Md., the county seat of Worcester, was burned Wednesday morning. The post- new diggings. Over 1,000 men have office, National Bank, Parker House and forty business firms were burned out. The loss will be fully \$100,000.

MRS. CURTIS, of Greencastle, Ind., in the last forty days has not taken altogether one gill of food and water combined. Even that little has been immediately ejected, the stomach being unable to retain it. She suffers from can-

THE steamer City of Chicago, which was stranded on the rocks near Kinsale. Ireland, some days ago, broke in two amidships early Thursday morning, and

#### EASTERN.

NORTH BUCKFIELD, Me., and adjoining towns were visited by a cyclone. Dweltings and barns were leveled and cattle and crops destroyed. No lives

THOUSANDS of delegates to the convention of the societies of Christian Endeavor have arrived in New York. Over 20,000 have already been assigned to various hotels and boarding houses. In all nearly 30,000 delegrates will participate in the proceedings of the conven-

MRS. SARAH VAST BULDER, of Chicago, went to Mechanicsville, N. Y., to visit her daughter, Mrs. Norris. Sunday evening she attended the Baptist Church, after which all trace of her was lost. Tuesday her tody was found in the canal. It is supposed that, being a stranger, she lost her way, tell into the canal and was drowned.

WEDNESDAY was a fearful day at Homestead, a suburb of Pittsburg, Pa. A series of conflicts occurred between a mob of 5,000 workmen and a body of Pinkerton men, and the number of killed on both sides reaches thirty-eight, with thrice that number injured, many fatally. The Pinkertons were sent down from Pittsburg to protect the Carnegie steel works, which were recently partly closed down, throwing 15,000 workmen out of employment. Fruitless efforts had been made to settle differences between the management and the workmen. No violence had been attempted to property, but the works were surounded by stockades and guarded by armed men. Workmen persisted in visiting those remaining at work, and the Pinkertons were sent down. Then ensued the trouble, The Pinkertons began firing before the boat and barges on which they came had tied up. Thousands of the workmen were armed, and returned the fire with such effect that the officers retreated to the boat and barges. The workmen then succeeded in separating the steamer from the barges, poured oil on the river and fired it. Many Pinkerton men perished. Cannon were used by the workmen with fearful effect. Gov. Pattison has ordered several regiments of State troops to the scene.

#### WESTERN.

A DISASTROUS wreck occurred on the Wabash railroad Sunday mo.ning three miles west of Wabash, Ind. The dead are Harvey Dunlap, of Peru, Superinof bridges; Charles Helm, bridge department; F. E. Moore, of Lafayette, fireman; George W. Shorey, of Fort Wayne, engineer; Charles F. Wilcox, of Peru, trainmaster. A wash-out caused the accident.

Mason, Neb., was visited by a cyclone Friday which left ruin and destruction in its wake. Nearly every residence in the town was more or less damaged. It is hard to estimate the damage at this time, but careful estimates place it at between \$20,000 and \$30,000. Mis. J C. Porter sustained some injury while going from her home to a neighbor's. W. Moulton received injuries by being struck on the side of the head by a flying board.

THE celebration casualties at Chicago began Sunday afternoon and continued until midnight Monday. In all, four persons were killed. Three of these were the victims of carelessness on the part of others, and one was impaled by a rocket during a premature explosion. Over fifty people were injured, several of whom will die. The ambulances of the different hospitals were kept constantly busy.

THE Cincinnati Coroner has been asked to investigate the case of Martin Gibbs, who died at the Cincinnati Hospital. He was visited by friends, who were told by the doctors that he was nearly well. Two days later a friend received a note from Gibbs saying he was almost well. Nothing more was heard of him until a few days later, when his death was announced in the newspapers. It was found that Gibbs' brains had been removed and sawdust substituted.

A LEADVILLE dispatch says: One of the biggest jail deliveries that ever occurred in Colorado took place late Friday afternoon when fifteen prisoners escaped from the Lake County jail. Among the prisoners are some desperate characters and a large posse of officers have gone in pursuit. The men are allowed to run in the jail corridors and have during the last six months been digging a hole through the corridor wall. This was finished and the escape successfully made.

A MAN giving the name Robert P. Somerville of Chicago, who has been posing as a United States detective in Peru. Ind., was lodged in jail on the charge of forgery and impersonating an officer. He cashed several checks on the First National Bank of Kenosha and Racine, Wis. He ran a board bill at the Tremont Hotel, and took proprietor Frank Guthneck down to Logansport on false affidavits, claiming that his testimony was necessary toward a conviction of counterfeiters. He was arrested

at Walton. New finds have been made near the rich discovery in "Treasure Gulch," fifty-two miles from Kingman, Ari. A town site has been laid out called White Hills. Lots began selling at \$250 each. There has been a steady rush to the gone out. The hotels are crowded to their capacity. Transportation to the camp is insufficient and high. Provisions are scarce. Rates of living are exorbitant. There is very little water. While all investigations verify the richness of the strike, there is nothing to

the greatest benefit from higher tomure and more sunshine. Corn esecially needs these conditions. Famall grain is looking well as a general thing, with heavy, deep roots and full stool. The early sown wheat is jointing, while rye and barley are heading. Grass is in fine condition, and a heavy crop of hay is expected.

FIRE broke out in a barn at Woodland, Cal., Friday afternoon, and the high wind caused the flames to spread rapidly. The Jackson Block and Exchange Block, containing the Opera House, Exchange Hotel and a number of stores and offices, were destroyed. A relief engine arrived from Sacramento, but there was a scarcity of water. The fire was finally subdued after a large por-tion of the business part of the town was destroyed. The entire loss will reach \$250,000. The principal losers are: David Bowes, \$40,000; J. J. McIntyre, \$18,000; D. N. Heisbey, \$16,000; Dr. Jackson, \$16,000; J. F. Duncan, \$13,000; Opera House, \$27,000. The insurance is generally light. W. W. Porter and an unknown man lost their

KANSAS farmers are having great trouble in suffering sufficient hands to harvest the enormous crop of wheat in the State, most of which is now ready for cutting. There is an alarming scarcity of farm hands, and the farmers are offering high wages to secure sufficient help. At all the stations along the Santa Fe Railway, trains are daily besieged by farmers trying to secure men to work. They offer from \$2 to \$3 a day with board, wages which have never been known to prevail in the State before. Last year's wheat crop was 54,055,000 bushels, and the yield this year will probably exceed that of any previous year in the history of the State. In the central and northern portions of the State at least 20,000 farm hands can find employment at wages ranging from \$2 to \$3 a day with board during the present harvest. The oat crop, too, promises a very large yield, and the corn crop, the average of which exceeds any previous year, will probably exceed any former yield. Conservative estimates place the total yield the in neighborhood of 200,000,000 bush-

THE east-bound Wells-Fargo express train No. 14, of the Chicago and Erie Road, carrying express matter exclusively, was wrecked. Thursday night near Decatur, Ind. Cross-ties had been placed on the track for the purpose of wrecking the train to rob it. The train was running at the rate of fifty miles an hour through the cranberry marsh, where there is a dense growth of bushes. When Engineer Foley sighted the obstruction on the track ahead he reversed his engine and jumped and escaped injury. Five passengers were injured. The engine struck the ties and went plowing into the ditch, followed by ten cars, all loaded with valuable express goods. The packages and boxes were scattered over the track and through the wreckage. Conductor Straden, the train men, and express messengers, who were not badly injured, gathered up the stuff and succeeded in saving nearly the whole of it. Two weeks ago ties were found on the track near the same point, but they were removed before any damage was done. The railroad company and the Wells-Fargo officials will take immediate steps to apprehend

the guilty parties. A CHICAGO dispatch says: The Board of Directors of the World's Fair recently gave to a body of men known as the Henry Syndicate a contract entitling them to the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers by boat from the city of Chicago to the Fair grounds, In pursuance of this step they induced Mayor Washburne to issue an order directing owners of boats outside the syndicate to vacate the Van Buren street piers. There was a riot on the lake front at the foot of Van Buren Street Tuesday, when four companies of police in command of Assistant Chief Hubbard attempted to clear the landings of the pleasure boats, in puruance of the order from the Mayor. Several people were injured and the crew of the Rosaline, excepting the captain, was placed under arrest after a bitter fight. That there was no loss of life is due only to the presence of mind of the commanding police officer, who ordered that no revolvers be drawn unless it was necessary to save the lives of others by firing upon the fighting tars. The boats are not yet withdrawn. Popular opinion is in their favor.

### SOUTHERN.

BILL WILLIAMS was arrested at Henrietta, Tex., charged with the murder of Maud Kramer, one of the three women who were victims of the recent mysteri-

ous killing at Denison. M. M. PIERCE, of Pottsboro, Texas, shot and killed his hired man, Morgan Hatch; then, turning to his wife, who had witnessed the deed, he cut her throat, after which he severed the ar-

teries in his own neck. GEORGE BENZER and William Ochs. of Louisville, Ky., were at the brewery owned by Ochs' father-in-law fooling with Benzer's pistol. Benzer pointed the weapon at Ochs. The weapon was discharged, sending the ball through Ochs' brain. Benzer then ran up stairs and shot himself through the head.

Four masked men attempted to hold up a passenger train near Canadian, Texas. They have been chased into the Cherokee strip and are coming east, and a large number of deputy marshals from Guthrie, Okla., will attempt to head them off. They are undoubtedly

a part of the Red Rock robbers. A MOB of seven hundred negroes justify the rush of prospectors or poor marched to the Duval County, Fla., jail in squads. They were all heavily armed BULLETIN No. 12, issued from the and immediately took up jositions United States Weather Bureau in Hu- about the various entrances to the ron, S. D., gives the condition of crops prison. The negroes claimed they had in South Dakota for the week. The received positive information that the amount of rainfall was above the aver- whites intended lynching a negro con-

scattered, taking up positions in groups in the vicinity of the prison.

#### POLITICAL.

THE Democrats of Kansas have indorsed the People's party electoral and State ticket.

ARKANSAS Republicans, for the first time in ten years, have nominated a straight ticket.

MR. CLEVELAND has informed the notification committee of the Democratic National Convention when he will receive the convention.

THE Omaha convention is over, and Gen. J. B. Weaver of Iowa will lead the forces of the People's party in the present Presidential campaign. The result was a foregone conclusion after the withdrawal of Judge Gresham. The Iowa man was chosen on the first ballot. For Vice President Gen. Joseph G. Field was chosen, also on the first ballot. Senator Kyle of South Dakota was the only other man mentioned for first place. Singularly enough, some of the silver States and Georgia opposed Gen. Weaver, but a landslide in his direction decided the matter on the first ballot, in the early hours of Tuesday morning. The nomination was made unanimous.

#### FOREIGN.

It is reported that England, Spain and Italy are about to partition Mo-

THE Pope is opposed to the establishment of a strictly Catholic party in

ENERGETIC measures are being taken

by the Russian authorities to stay the progress of the cholera. THE cholera is reported to be advanc-

ing upon Moscow. Cnoleraine has appeared in Paris suburbs.

cago, Capt. Bedford, which left New York June 22 for Liverpool, is ashore on the Irish coast. The steamer went ashore in a dense fog, about half a mile inside the west head of Kinsale. The steamer ran its stem into the cliff within half an hour of high water. The sea was smooth and the wind was moderate from the southwest and light. All passengers and mail were landed.

#### IN GENERAL

THE Peary relief expedition sailed from St. Johns, N. F., Tuesday morning on the steamship Kite. All the members of the expedition were in capital spirits. Capt. Pike expects to reach the coast of Greenland in a few days. The Kite and the steamship Miranda, which brought the expedition, left the port within a few minutes of each other., All the members of the expedition are conheadquarters about July 25.

AT Toronto, Ont., some 300 Chinamen have arrived from British Columbia during the last few weeks, and it is supposed they find their way into the United States. No Toronto Chinaman yet discovered will confess to a knowledge of English sufficient to name their destination. They generally arrive in batches of four or five, but sometimes as many as ten or fifteen come in one train. They stay around the Chinese laundries for a day or two and then

mysteriously disappear. A NUMBER of Minneapolis millers who are at Washington express the opinion that there will be a decrease in this year's wheat crop of from 100,000,000 to 150,000,000 bushels. Charles S. Pitlstury was unwilling to give any numerical estimate of the decrease, but he believed that the decrease would be marked, and declared that it was unreasonable to expect so large a crop as last year. In North Dakota alone, he says, the yield will be 20 per cent. lighter. He attributes the decrease to the wet weather which prevailed during the seeding. Others in the party went as far as Pillsbury, while some declared that the erop would not, according to careful estimates, be over 400,000,000 bushels. The crop of last year was 612,000,000 bushels.

#### MARKET REPORTS,

4				
1	CHICAGO.			
1	CHICAGO. CATTLE—Common to Prime HOGS—Shipping Grades SHEEP—Fair to Choice WHEAT—No. 2 Spring CORN—No. 2, new OATS—No. 2 RYE—No. 2 RUTTER—Choice Creamery	ea. to	a	E 05
1	Ucce Chiante Conde	\$0.00	Co	0, 20
3	Hods-Shipping Grades	3.50	(U	0.70
ı	SHEEP-Fair to Choice	4.00	@	6.25
ă	WHEAT-No. 2 Spring	.78	@	.79
	CORN-No. 2, new	.50	(4)	.51
ì	OATS-No. 2	.33	@	.34
9	RYE-No. 2	.74	a	.34 .76 .21 .0936
q	BUTTER—Choice Creamery CHEESE—Full Cream, flats	.20	a	.21
ä	CHEESE-Full Cream flats	.09	(a)	.0014
	EGGS-Fresh	.09	40	.093/2
	POTATOES—New, per brl	2.00		3.00
	TNOTANADOTTE	2.00	G	3,00
			0	
	CATTLE—Shipping	3.20	(G	4.50
	Hogs-Choice Light	3.50	(4)	0.75
	SHEEP-Common to Prime	8.00	(a)	5,00
	WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.783	4@	.79%
	CORN-No. 1 White	.50	@	.52
	OATS-No. 2 White	.35	(4)	36
	HOGS—Choice Light SHEEP—Common to Prime WHEAT—No. 2 Red CORN—No. 1 White OATS—No. 2 White ST. LOUIS.			
ğ	CATTLE	3.00	@	4.75
	HOGS. WHEAT-No. 2 Red.	3.50	(0)	5.75
	WHEAT-No. 2 Red	764	400	7714
	CORN-No. 2	.44	30	.45
	CORN-No. 2. OATS-No. 2.	.30		
	Ryp_No 9	.30		.31 -
	RYE-No. 2 CINCINNATI.	.75	0	.77
ï	CAMPTER CINCIANAIL			
,	CATTLE	3.00	@	4.75
ä	Hogs	3.00	0	5.75
2	DHEEP	9 00		
,	11/	3.00	a	5.25
ì	WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.82	@	0.25 .
į	WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.82	000	5.25 .84 .49
į	WHEAT—No. 2 Red. CORN—No. 2 OATS—No. 2 Mixed.	.82 .48 .353	9000	.84 .49 .3414
1	WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.82 .48 .353	6000	.84 .49 .341/4
1	SHEEP. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. CORN—No. 2. OATS—No. 2 Mixed. DETROIT.			
1 3	Hoos	3.00	(EL)	4.00
i	Hoos	3.00	(EL)	4.00
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i	Hoos	3.00	(EL)	4.00
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i	HOGS. SHEEP. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. COBN—No. 2 Yellow. OATS—No. 2 White.	8.00 8.00 .86 .51	<b>BBBBB</b>	5.25 4.75 .87 .58
i	HOGS. SHEEP. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. COBN—No. 2 Yellow. OATS—No. 2 White.	8.00 8.00 .86 .51	<b>BBBBB</b>	5.25 4.75 .87 .58
i	HOGS. SHEEP. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. COBN—No. 2 Yellow. OATS—No. 2 White.	8.00 8.00 .86 .51	<b>BBBBB</b>	5.25 4.75 .87 .58
i	HOGS. SHEEP. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. COBN—No. 2 Yellow. OATS—No. 2 White.  WHEAT—No. 2 CÖBN—No. 2 White.	8.00 8.00 8.60 .86 .51 .36	<b>99 69696</b>	6.50 5.25 4.75 .87 .58 .87
i	HOGS. SHEEP. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. COBN—No. 2 Yellow. OATS—No. 2 White.  WHEAT—No. 2 CÖBN—No. 2 White.	8.00 8.00 8.60 .86 .51 .36	<b>99 69696</b>	6.50 5.25 4.75 .87 .58 .87
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1 3 1 5	HOGS. SHEEP WHEAT—No. 2 Red. COBN—No. 2 Yellow. OATS—No. 2 White. TOLEDO. WHEAT+No. 2 COBN—No. 2 White. OATS—No. 2 White. RYE. BUFFALO. BEEF CATTLE—Com. to Prime.	8.00 8.00 .86 .51 .36 .84 .49 .34 .77	8 6888 68686 8	6.50 5.25 4.75 .87 .58 .87 .86 .51 .35 .79
i s	HOGS. SHEEP WHEAT—No. 2 Red. COBN—No. 2 Yellow. OATS—No. 2 White. TOLEDO. WHEAT+No. 2 COBN—No. 2 White. OATS—No. 2 White. RYE. BUFFALO. BEEF CATTLE—Com. to Prime.	8.00 8.00 .86 .51 .36 .84 .49 .34 .77	8 6888 68686 8	6.50 5.25 4.75 .87 .58 .87 .86 .51 .35 .79
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#### DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

MEASURES CONSIDERED AND ACTED UPON.

at the Nation's Capital-What Is Being Done by the Senate and House-Old Matters Disposed Of and New Ones Con-

#### The Senate and House.

The Senate, on the 1st, by a vote of 29 to 25, passed the Stewart substitute bill. As it goes to the House the bill reads: "Be it enacted, etc., that the owner of silver bullion may deposit the same at any mint of the United States to be coined for his benefit, and it shall be the duty of the proper officers, upon the terms and conditions which are provided by law for the deposit and coinage of gold, to coin such silver bullion into the standard dollars authorized by the act of Feb. 28. 1878, entitled 'an act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal-tender character,' and such coins shall be a legal tender for all debts and dues, public and private." The act of July 14, 1890, entitled "an act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of Treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes," is hereby repealed. Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall proceed to have coined all the silver bullion in the Treasury purchased with silver or coin certificates. The House made slow progress in work preparatory to ad-In the House, on the 6th, the conference

report on the river and harbor bill was agreed to-161 to 83. The motion made by Mr. Tracey of New York to refer the silver bill to the Committee on Banking and Currency was lost-yeas. 43; nays 153 Mr. Williams of Massachusetts moved to reconsider. Mr. Bland moved to lay the latter motion on the table. Mr. Bland's motion was carried by a viva voce vote— 146 to 32—but Mr. Tracey demanded the yeas and nays. The sundry civil appropriation bill. reported to the Senate from the Committee on Appropriations, carries items aggregating \$36,797,798, an increase of \$11,574,816 over the House bill. Included in this increase is an appropriation of THE Inman line steamer City of Chi- \$5,103,000 in aid of the World's Fair.

#### CROP REPORTS.

General Outlook for Corn Is Not Good-Oats in Fair Shape. The Farmer's Review this week con-

tains the following: In Illinois the corn crop is in anything

but a desirable condition. Out of the alternate counties reporting, only one gives the condition as good, all of the other correspondents giving either poor or only fair. This fair means below an average, and in some cases 25 per cent, below. The outlook in Indiana is somewhat better, nearly 45 per cent. of the correspondents reporting the prospects for the corn crop as good, the others re-porting fair, with the exception of about one in seven, which report poor. The crop is behind on account of lateness in planting, but is making up for it in rapid fident of success and a safe return. growth, In Ohio the outlook is a little Capt. Pike expects to reach Peary's below that of Indiana, about one-fourth of the correspondents reporting the outlook for this crop as good. The others about equally report fair and poor. In Michigan the crop is making rapid growth, and in about haif of the counties reporting is a full average or above. Of the remainder, two-thirds report fair, and one-third poor. The corn crop in Kentucky is in very fine condition, all of the correspondents except eight reporting fair and good, most of the counties being an average or above. In Mississippi about one in five report the prospects as good, 15 per cent. report poor and the others fair. In Kansas and Nebraska the crop is reported as fair or good, with the exception of a very few counties, where the season has been particularly unfavorable. In Iowa 12 per cent. report the condition as good, 42 per cent. report fair, and 46 per cent. report poor. In Wisconsin the outlook is very unfavorable, two-thirds of the correspondents reporting it as poor, and in some cases less than half a crop. In Minnesota the crop is in from fair to poor condition, while in the Dakotas half of the correspondents report good and others fair to poor.

> The oat crop is in good shape over most of the country, all of the correspondents, with the exception of abou 15 per cent., giving a favorable report. In Illinois 43 per cent, report the out look as a full average or above, 25 pe cent. report it fair, and the rest poor. In Indiana the crop is in fair shape with few exceptions. In Ohio about 70 per cent. report the outlook at from fair to above average. In Mich gan and Kentucky the outlook good, but in Missouri nearly one-hal report the outlook as poor to fair, th rest average or above. In Kansas one-half report the crop fair to good, others poor. Two-thirds in Nebraska report fair to good, the others poor. In Iowa one fourth report the crop in poor condition, the others report from fair to above average. The crop in Wisconsin Minnesota, and the Dakotas is generally an average or above.

> > On the Diamond.

Following is a showing of the standing of each of the teams of the different associa-

w. N	L	Pc.		W.	L.	P
Boston49	20	.710 W	ashingto	on 32	37	
Brooklyn 45	24	.652 Ne	w York.	03	37	:4
Philadelp'ia.44	25	.638 Ch	icago	28	36	.4
Cincinnati 36	29	.554 St.	Louis.	24	41	
Cleveland 26	30		uisville		43	
Pittsburg35	36		ltimore		50	

%c. Indian'p'lis: 2 Columbus ... 4 Minneap'lis. 3 1 .750 Omaha .... 2
Toledo .... 3 2 .600 Kansas City. 2
Milwaukee .. 3 2 .600 Ft. Wayne .. 1

ILLINOIS-IOWA LEAGUE W. L. %c. W.
Terre Haute.10 4 .714 Joliet ...... 8
R. I.-Moline. 9 5 .643 Jacksonville 8
Evansville.. 8 6 .571 Rockford.... 6

WISCONSIN-MICHIGAN LEAGUE. W. L. &c. W. L. Ish.-Neg.....16 14 .593 Marquette ...13 11 Menominee .14 10 .583 Marinette... 9 16 Oshkosh....11 8 .579 Green Bay... 9 15

THE illness of the Duke of Edinburgh recalls the fact that it was a similar illness, hopeless from the start, whi carried off his brother, the Duke of bany.

To some hope is but a century

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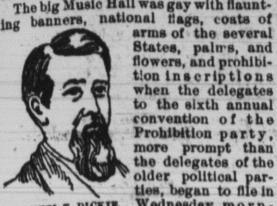
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GEN. BIDWELL GETS IT. PROHIBITIONISTS NAME HIM FOR PRESIDENT.

Excitement Over the Debate on Platform-Free Coinage Is Defeated, but Financial. Tariff, and Anti-Liquor Planks Adopted \_Convention Proceedings.

First Day.

Cincinnati special: The big Music Hall was gay with flaunt-



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States, palms, and flowers, and prohibition inscriptions Prohibition party, more prompt than the delegates of the older political parties, began to file in SAMUEL T. DICKIE. Wednesday morn-

ing. A huge American flag surmounted the stage and supported portraits of Washington, Lincoln, Neal Dow and Frances Willard.

The first cheering was that which greeted the Massachusetts delegation, paign tune. It was 10:30 o'clock when | would take some time to harmonize the

were opened with prayer by the Rev. Father Mahoney, of St. Paul, Minn. It was decided on motion that all former nominees of the National Prohibition party be invited to seats on the platform. This was carried amid applause. It was shown that both Judge Black and the Rev. John Russell, the nominees for 1872, were present. H. A. Thompson, the Vice Presidential nominee in 1880 with Neal Dow, was present. Sam Small, on the part of the minori-

ty of the Committee on Credentials, arose to make a minority report. He, in behalf of fifteen States, protested against the action and recommendation of the majority, and made a strong speech and used vigorous language against the majority report. There were several lively passages between the delegates growing out of this diswhen the delegates cussion. There was finally a call of the to the sixth annual roll demanded on the majority and minority reports, which resulted as follows: For minority report, 359; against, 521. The report of the majority was then adopted without division, and a recess was then taken until 8 o'clock.

In the evening Permanent Chairman Ritter was escorted to the chair. After he had made a brief address, the convention adjourned until 9:30 Thursday morning.

Second Day. When the Prohibition National Convention was called to order Thursday which entered in a body carrying opened, morning the Platform Committee was light-gray parasols, and singing a cam- still at work, and it was evident that it



CHAPTER II.

THE COUSINS. On the southeastern coast of Nanlucket Island is situated the little town of Siasconset, formerly a fishing hamlet, founded by brave and hardy men, who built their box-like cabins on the bold bluff rising from this dangerous coast, and wrested from its waters their harvests of cod and pollock.

For two centuries this place had an uneventful, unprogressive existence, but lately the hand of improvement has touched it, and under the modernizing influence, it is gradually tending towards the realization of that muchabused thing, a summer resort.

To the world in general, it is still comparatively unknown, but to those fortunate enough to have spent a summer beneath the inspiration of its life-giving air, its charming, unconventional features afford a theme for never-ending

Margaret chanced to hear of this odd bit of creation, and longing for something out of the ordinary run, decided try its unconventional freedom, notwithstanding the season and Miss Hilton's advice. She had not been very well turing the winter, and the doctor, discovering a general breaking down, had prescribed change of scene and air as the most effective medicine.

Margaret cheerfully agreed with him, and very gladly availed herself of this opportunity to escape for a time the unpleasant notoriety which her late inheritance had given her, and the more than friendly overtures of politic Cornelias, with ambitious, matrimonial

hopes for their respective jewels. She did not realize Miss Hilton's fear by regretting her selection of S'conset. She found it both novel and delightful. Its unique features amply atoned for its dullness, and with much to fill her days she could not complain of mo-

notony. There were please walks along well-kept roads or across the moors, whose with a fascination which only its lovers | way she felt she had seen his face be-

understand. The old houses, many of which had heard the storms of two centuries and gave ample evidence of the fact, contributed another element of variety. How many delightful hours she had spent in their cozy interiors, climbing shaky ladders doing duty for steps, to bump her head against the rafters of funny little attics, hunting out the bits of furniture which looked so ridiculously large in comparison with the rooms they occupied, or sitting in the tall, spindlelegged chairs before the broad fire-place to tales of danger and adventure upon the sea.

She loved nothing better than to pore over the log books and follow in imagination the whaling expeditions of other and more prosperous days.

And the old captains, in whose odd ways and quaint sayings she took such amused interest, were always happy to spin their yarns for such appreciative

Thus she speedily grew in public favor. She helped Aunt Maria to make bread and bake beans, and ate her full share of them afterward. She delighted old Captain Baxter by pretending to believe his unconscionable tales, and she produced such an impression on Captain Morris that he gallantly and unblushingly declared she was the kind of

girl he liked. She was really and thoroughly enjoyng herse f. let, notwithstanding, Mi s Hi.ton, wh se preconceived notions were not to be removed, continued to write deleful letters, in which sympathy for Margaret in her supposed dreary surroundings was largely predominant. Realing one of these commiserating notes on the beach one afternoon, Margaret could not refrain from smiling as ste compared her actual surroundings with those pictured by the writer.

The day was exceptionally, fine, clear, and warm, the bright sun and soft winds seeming to hold the promise of early sun mer. The sea, so often will upon this dange ous coas, was unusually calm, and the waves rolled in with languid rhythmic un son, a quivering sweep of blue waters, breaking into a cirl of

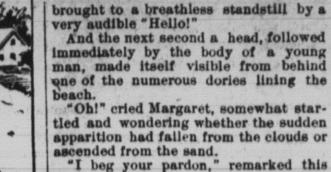
foam upon the high, broad beach. From the bold bluff looking out upon the restless ocean to the wave-washed horizon rose the little village, a marvel of quaint, picturesque b auty, with its much-shingled cottages of curious de-

sign in l still more curious architecture. Beyond lay a broad expanse of moor, rising into a range of low-lying hills, and further still the distant sparkle of sky, and the promise of a glorious sunset. Lying at full length on the beach, Margaret enjoyed the calm serenity of the scene about her.

But she was not left long in undisturbed quiet. The current of her thoughts was rather rudely diverted says from Miss Hilton and her letter to the gust raised for the occasion.

than elegant, she sprang to her feet and bastened in pursuit, until she was Margaret, lightly.

brought to a breathless standstill by



been asleep. Didn't know a soul was around. Hope I haven't frightened "Oh, no! you are not very formidable,

"You didn't expect to see me," he put in with a quizzical light in the laughing brown eyes, which Margaret found strangely familiar. "I dare say he thinks I'm overcome with delight," was her inward comment, accompanied with some slight resent-

ment, a feeling soon dispelled by another glance in the frank, handsome face.
"He is certainly good-looking," she told herself, as a result of this brief scrutiny. "I wonder how under heaven

very much alive apparition, surprised in

his turn, and displaying a remarkable activity in getting on his feet. "I've

he found his way here. I must find out. "Strangers are real curiosities at this season," she said aloud, partly following up her own thought and partly replying to a remark of his. "There are no visitors here, only the fishermen and their wives, and a limited supply of children."

"I know; awful prosy, isn't it? I'd die in no time. You are different, though." "Yes, and while I've been wasting my time in talking, my hat is gone.' "So it has. Indeed, I'm awfully

His eye followed hers to the hat rising and falling on an outgoing wave. "Was it valuable?"

"Cost fifty cents," she replied, endeavoring to preserve her gravity. suppose it has gone for good, and I

might as well be going home."

"Oh, no! don't!" he entreated, with boyish eagerness. "I'm awfuily tired of my own company."

"Candid, upon my word. I'll stay a little while, but really I don't feel that

I should.' Margaret might well question the propriety of her action. She felt convinced that Miss Hilton would not approve this confidential manner with a stranger, but there were times, she felt, when a suggestion of impropriety is the spice which gives a variety to life. This was one of them. She intended to follow out the line of conduct proposed to herself when she came to this new world, as it were, namely, to do as she pleased. swelling undulations of rich coloring Just now she pleased to stay and talk the sea was very high, and the guils were scarcely less impressive than the with this young man, for whom she felt flew over the rolling surf like tiny dots ocean itself. Of the sea she could never an unaccountable liking. She had some upon the gray horizon. Margaret's eye tire. Whatever its mood, the broad ex- curiosity to discover his name, and his followed their graceful motion as they

> While she was thus thinking and knitting her brow over this vague resemblance, he was watching her face with a scrutinizing interest.

> Glancing up, she met his eyes, and finding its humor contagious, she was soon laughing as merrily as he.

"We are better acquainted now," he cried gayly, while she wondered at her capacity for nonsense. "If you want to know a person just laugh with them. That's my theory. Not that I should be laughing, though. Crying would better watching the burning logs and listening suit my condition in this vale of tears. Won't you sit down, Miss-"Smith," supplemented Margaret, giv-

ing him the name she had assumed. Smith; you don't look like a Smith. But I'm glad it isn't Coffin or Folger. You are not a native, I know. Please sit here. You'll find it ever so comfortable. Only a trifle rocky. Do they fish in these things?"

"In these dories? Oh, yes; it is ever so interesting to watch them.

Well, I shouldn't find the pastime so amusing. Is that how you manage to exist in this God-forsaken hole?" "Evidently you don't appreciate

nature," she remarked, in rather unflattering tones, as she took possession of the seat he offered her.

No. I appreciate the comforts of civilized life more. I'm not a romantic kind of animal, you see. I'm tired of this already. Only came this morning, too. I've been in Nantucket a week. Hauled up there to see an antediluvianaunt of my mother's. She got it into her head that she couldn't exist without a sight of my manly countenance,

"You had compassion on her?" "Yes; that was it. It is her fault I'm here to-day. She talked of S'conset until I thought it was second heaven; but

I haven't seen anything here yet-He added the last word by way of qualification, and gave Margaret an interrogative glance.

"I suppose not," was her tranquil rely, "unless you saw it in dreams, You should have chosen a livelier season. It is perfectly charming in the summer. his eyes upon her face. She moved Now, things are inclined to be slow."
"Rather," he agreed readily. "Horse's

in the bargain. The brute that hauled me from Nantucket stopped every five minutes to get his breath. It was wearying on my patience, I assure you. And the old captain who drove me was more wearying than the horse. The stories he expected me to swallow were an insult to my intelligence. I think this air must breed captains, they are so wonderfully prolific. Every blessed the sea. Over all a cloudless S'conset man I've met is a captain, or would have been if the whale fisheries had kept up. I've been trying to hunt up the ordinary

> "Perhaps sailors were not in vogue on whaling vessels," suggested Margaret, with utmost gravity. "Captain Pitman

"That's another peculiarity," he interspectacle of her hat sailing gracefully rupted abruptly, "their names. Did you up the beach under the impulse of a ever hear anything to beat it? Wretchedly monotonous to hear Coffin, Folger. With an exclamation more forcible and Pitman, Pitman, Folger and Coffin. "'There's nothing in a name,' " quoted

"A mistake altogether. A name means everything. Take mine, for instance— Brian Leigh. Now, the Brian part— What's the matter?"

He might well ask this question, for without the least warning Margaret had slipped hastily from her seat, on the boat, and stood regarding him with a curious blending of perplexity and sur-

"Brian Leigh," she replied, in an incredulous tone; "is it really Brian

Leigh?"
"I have always understood so," he answered with a laugh and a puzzled glance at her face. "I don't see how I can be mistaken."

"I am very foolish," she remarked, anxious to divert his suspicions, while she still regarded him rather curiously, though with a newer and deeper interest.

She understood now the strange resemblance unexplained before. Something in the eyes and mouth recalled vague memories of her father, and this likeness, faint as it was, served to awaken new feelings in her breast. She wanted to be alone to think of this new and unexpected turn of affairs. She was not given to superstition, but the coincidence of their meeting in this outof-the-way place seemed too curious to be merely coincidence; yet, as such she must accept it. What would Miss Hilton say? Should she tell her? No. Should she tell her ecusin that she was the Margaret who had taken his fortune from him? No, again; and she could give herself no reason for these decis-

"It is certa'nly strange that we should be thrown together," she remarked to herself when she had lett Brian a few minutes later. "I almost wish he would not go back to Nantucket to-night. If he should stay here a few days I might have an opportunity to study his character. He doesn't seem to be much troubled. No depth of feel ng, I'm afraid. He acts more like a silly college boy. I think I was rather silly, too. I'm really ashamed of myself. Well, I'll await developments.

Margaret dreamed of her cousin that night, and rose next morning still thinking of him.

#### CHAPTER III.

ON THE SANIS AT S'CONSET The day came in damp and chilly. The sun refused to make his appearance, and the heavy fog hanging over the sea crept stealth:ly inland until the outlines of the village were lost in its sub le,

mysterious folds. Margiret viewed the landscape from the confined space of her bed-room window.

"Damp," she commented. "I dare say I shall be drowned in this mist, but out I intend to go, nevertheless.'

True to her word, she put on rubber clcak, boots, and cap, and, feeling comparatively water-proof, started for the deserted beach.

The mist had lifted somewhat, but panse of lonely waters appealed to her reasons for visiting S'conset. In some dipped their wings to the seething waves, or rose with sweeping course to pursue their onward flight.

"How provoking," she exclaimed. "I did think that glorious sunset meant nice weather to-day. I suppose it is rather wicked to wish for sunshine when old Captain Pitman wants rain to fill his cistern. It would puzzle God to please everybody. I wonder if those gulls foretell a storm. I haven't the least idea about the direction of the wind. Let me see: that is the east over there, and that is the north, and --- Well, I declare!" In locating the points of the compass, her eye had encountered her cousin, and he, seeing her at the same moment, began to make the best of his way to join her, waving his arms spasmodically meanwhile. When he reached her finally he was quite breathless.

'Quite hard work, isn't it?" said Mar garet, as he stood panting before her. "The sand is so soft and yielding. "I should say so. I believe I have a

peck of it in my shoes. Did you come down here to kill yourself, or merely for the pleasure of seeing one trudge over that sand." "I didn't come for the first object, cer-

tainly; and as for the second, it really didn't enter my mind. I have a very contrary nature. I like the things that most people dislike. For instance, I revel in rain and dampness. I love to go out in a pouring shower. It doesn't hurt me, either. I'm abnormally

"And abnormally imprudent," he added. "If I had any authority, you shouldn't sit here.

"But you haven't any authority, and I have an unusual prejudice in favor of my own way. Why didn't you go to Nantucket last night? Is it possible you have managed to survive so long in this God-forsaken hole?"

Brian caught the spice of mischief in these words.

"I thought I'd stay a few 🥾 explained, in answer. "Dreaded to back, too. I haven't any ambition. be fretted to death in those ruts. Be sides I wanted to find what interests you here.

He threw himself beside her and fixed restlessly under this scrutiny. TO BE CONTINUED.

#### Banger in Handling Flowers.

It might not be supposed that danger lurks in the delicate operation of handling flowers, yet painful, troublesome wounds are frequently received by the workmen. Nearly every one who has had long and active employment in the retail flower stores can show numerous scars, and it is common in busy Broadway shops and other large places in the trade to see a proprietor or several of his assistants with bandaged fingers. The thorns of roses cause the greatest mischief. Floris's ascribe their most serious hurts to poison absorbed in hothouse productions which have undergone a strong vermin-killing process. A number of the dealers infer that, after many applications, the juicy parts of the plants become impregnated with poison,

Ship Duty.

On board ship the day is divided into seven "watches."



the hymn, "America," on the immense or-

DR. SARGENT.

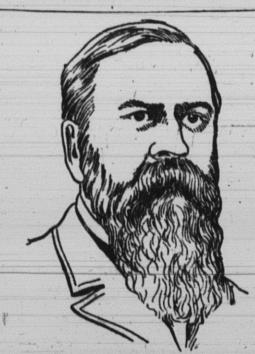
LYMAN BEECHER.

FATHER THEOBALD MATHEW.

atout half occupied. to order and introduced Dr. J. G. Evans, question. It was finally settled that the of Hedding College, Illinois, who for- report of the committee would be in favor mally opened the convention with of free coinage. The tariff was the next prayer, after which the delegates were subject taken up in the committee. welcomed to the city by Rev. Dr. Lockwood, of Cincinnati.

Prof. Dickie responded to the address, and closed by naming Gov. St. John as Temporary Chairman.

Wild cheering and the waving of flags and handkerchiefs greeted the mention til 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the name of ex-Gov. St. John. The



GEN. JOHN BIDWELL

shouting was renewed again and again as the noted Kansan stepped forward, assumed the gavel, and addressed the

The ex-Governor's speech was heartlly applauded by the delegates.

On motion of Mr. Cleghorn, of Wisconsin, the roll of States was called, and each delegation announced the members it had selected for representation on the committees, after which the convention adjourned until four o'clock in the afternoon.

at the second session as at the earlier at 2:10 a. m,, Friday, the convention adne, was over 6,000. The exercises journed sine die.

The audience rose and joined in singing night session of the sub-committee, left the hymn. At this time the body of the matters still in bad shape. The prehall was filled, and the galleries were amble of the platform was complete, and the alcohol and woman suffrage Chairman Dickie, of the National planks, but the committee seemed at odds Committee, then called the convention over the utterance upon the financial

> Dr. J. G. Evans, of Abingdon, Ill., presented a plea for contributions to enable the National Committee to prosecute its work, and subscriptions to the amount of \$20,000 were taken before the session adjourned, which it then did un-

Apparently realizing the fact that too much time had alrea ly been wasted, and that nominations should be reached with as little delay as possible, the delegates were prompt in assembling for the afternoon session. For five hours the convention discussed the platform and the discussion at times became warm and spirited. The resolutions were finally agreed upon and adopted, and the convention again adjourned until evening.

Bidwell, of California, John L. Thomas presented the name of W. Jennings Demorest, New York, and L. B. Logan named Gideon T. Stewart, of Ohio.

But one ballot was necessary to de-

When the result was known the band played "Hail, Columbia," and the usual

The totals on the first ballot for Vice President were: Levering, 380; Cranfill,

JOHN B. GOUGH. EDWARD C. DELAVAN. GEORGE N. BRIGGS. NEAL DOW. SOME FAMOUS FATHERS OF THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT. the proceedings began with the playing of | conflicting interests represented therein. Three hours' pulling and hauling by gan, aided by a bugle band on the stage. | the full committee, in addition to the all-

Nominations for President were the first thing in order at the night session. John P. St. John nominated Gen. John

cide, the result being: Gen. John Bidwell, 590; W. Jennings Demorest, 139; Gideon T. Stewart, 179.

shouting and general hurran took place. The roll-call for candidates for Vice President was ordered, and the following candidates were presented: Sam Small of Georgia, William Satterlee of Minnesota, Joshua Levering of Maryland, J. B. Cranfill of Texas, and Thos. R, Carskaden of West Virginia. Small withdrew before a vote was taken.

386; Satterlee, 26; Carskadon, 21. Enough changes were made before the figures were announced to give Cranfill of Texas 416 votes, 9 more than enough to win. Dr. Cranfill was called to the The attendance, though not as large stage and made a stirring address, and

#### THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1892.

#### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Stephen Laird is very ill.

Mrs. I. M. Whitaker has been very ill the past week.

Theodore Wood now holds the ribbons over a new horse.

A false alarm of fire was turned in Wednesday morning about 7 o'clock.

Frank Cramer, who moved from this place to Scio, last fall, is here harvesting.

Born, Thursday, July 14, 1892, to Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Lehman, of Chelsea, a daughter.

The Lutherans will hold services in the Baptist church Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The ladies of the M. E. church will sell ice cream in the McKune block Saturday evening, July 16th.

Dr. and Mrs. Chas, Chadwick, of Grass Lake, are rejoicing over the advent of a daughter to their home.

The passenger train that is due here at 7:10 a. m. struck a handcar near the gravel pit, Tuesday. No one was inju ed.

Lost in or near Chelsea, a purse containing some money, postage stamps and railroad tickets. Finder please leave at STANDARD office.

The lecture given by Rev. A. S. Carmen, of Ann Arbor, at the Baptist church Friday evening last, though excellent, was not very well attended.

quite a number of his little friends Tuesday evening, it being his thirteenth | ed to take notes from their reading on birthday. All had a very pleasant the subject so as to give others the time.

Quite a number of Chelsea people are in Detroit this week attending the national convention of the Baptist Young People's Union held at that

The rider in the relay bicycle race from Kalamazoo to Detroit passed through this place at 1:10 p. m. standard time, one hour and ten minutes "Two-fifths of the deaths in the human Detroit this week. ahead of the scheduled time.

John Schlemmer, a cigar maker, who has been in the employ of J. A. Eisenman for some time past, was taken to St. Mary's hospital, Detroit, Tuesday to undergo an operation upon his eyes.

allow a bundle of dodgers to be nailed to a telegraph or electric light pole, as they are pulled off the pole and scattered around the streets and make ity and quantity of food that the them look anything but tidy.

Jackson has some people within its borders, who, when their mother, aged 89 years. signed her property, amounted to about \$8,000, to them, sent her to the poor house. Such cattle as that should be tarred and feathered.

Courier: It is rumored that on Tues day last a cowboy from Chelsea was made to throw up his hands while a Detroit man went through him for all he had left of a \$50 bill, the Detroiter securing \$36 it is said. The affair is alleged to have taken place in broad daylight on the streets of Ann Arbor.

tivounty fair at Ann Arbor offers mium of \$10 "for the best article Jublished in the county papers for the success of the fair," and \$5 for the second best, the articles to be from a half column to a column in length, and to appear during the week commencing September 11. A'similar offer is made to the Ann Arbor city papers.

> until after harvest. Wheat brings 75 was finally established in 1858. cents for red or white at the mill, the For a few weeks messages were sent elevator is closed now for balance ship-. from one continent to another and then ments. Oats 32 cents by shippers, but the cable ceased to act. During the occassionally a little more by consum- war, it was found impossible to proers. Other lines of grain are nominal ceed further with the enterprise, but as there are none offered. New pota- on July 27, 1866, telegraphic communtoes and peas bring 75 cents per bush- ication was established between the el. Huckleberries are in market and two countries and has not been since bring ten cents per quart. Eggs 12 interrupted. In 1876 he became incents, butter 11 cents, blackberries 10 terested in the development of the it spelled wrong, and then somebody cents, gooseberries 7 cents. Wool con- system of elevated roads in New York would think I didn't know how to tinues to come in slowly at about form. City, and devoted much time and cap- spell." The notice read: "Houze for er prices from 20 to 23 cents.

The salary of the postmaster at this place has been increased to \$1,400. The office has been made an international money order office.

If a merchant would only consider how a single additional customer will more than repay for an outlay in advertising he would give this subject more attention

Miss Kate Jacobs, daughter of J T. Jacobs, of Ann Arbor, died suddenly Thursday, from an attack of bilious fever. She was 21 years old, and an accomplished vocalist.

The Catholic Library Association of St. Mary's church adopted a constitution last Sunday and elected the folowing officers; Pres., Ed. Gorman; Vice Pres., Chas. Whitaker; Sec., Mrs. J. Bacen; Treas., P. Merkle; Librarian, Miss K. Gorman; Trustees, Messrs. H. Sherry, A. Neuberger, J. Wade, Edw. Doody and J. Young. Meetings will be held once a month.

We read with horror of how the martyrs of olden times were compelled to bear every conceivable torture, but their fortitude and bravery is nothing when compared with the heroic efforts of our modern girls in learning the art of bicycle riding. One of our young ladies recently in dismounting from her wheel, said wheel having a perversity to stop when least expected, stepped into a bed of live coals left from a bonfire. One of the coals slipped into her low shoe, and before the hard knot of the shoe-string could be untied, her foot was severely burned.

At the last meeting of the Chautauqua society it was decided that, instead of adjourning for the summer, the society would meet once a month, for the purpose of studying Master Eddie Rooke entertained up items of interest in regard to the World's Fair. Each one was requestbenefit. This meeting will be held on Tuesday evening, July 26th, 1892, at the home of Mrs. A. A. Vantyne. All Fair are cordially requested to be

July days have come and much pains should be exercised in the care of the little ones in the household. A circular from the health department says: race, are of children, before reaching the age of five years. Nearly one-fifth Rapids this week where she expects to of these early deaths are caused by stay several weeks. bowel troubles. And 70 to 80 per cent of all the deaths from bowel trouble occur between July 1st and the last of September." The same au-The village authorities ought not to thosity urges the necessity of good ventilation in sleeping room, proper bathing, and adds: "The third indication is to carefully look after the qualchild eats. See to it that they are of the most easily digestible kinds, largely liquid, such as good fresh milk, meat broths, and gruels, and that the quantity is such that the child will not be overfed. Do not forget that at such times these little ones want water often and do not allow them to take milk or liquid food when they only need a drink of water."

Cyrus W. Field, of New York, died Hill. Tuesday, July 12, 1892. He was born in Stockbridge, Mass., November 30, 1819, and at the age of 15 went to New York and obtained a situation as clerk with A. T. Stewart & Co. Before reaching the age of 21 he began the manufacture and sale of paper, and in a few years was at the head of a prosperous business. He conceived the idea of the Atlantic cable, and for thirteen years devoted his entire time to the accomplishment of that purpose. He visited England over two score times soliciting financial aid. After several unsuccessful attempts were The market is dull now and will be made to lay the cable, communication ital to their successful establishm

#### PERSONAL.

Geo. P. Glazier is in Detroit this

Mrs. T. E. Wood spent Wednesday in Detroit.

E. G. Hoag spent part of the week at Grand Rapids.

Mrs. C. Spirnagle went to Toledo the first of the week.

Miss Grace Gates, of Gregory, was in town Thursday. H. S. Holmes was in Grand Rapids

the first of the week.

Mr. Sheir, of Ann Arbor, visited E. C. Hill Saturday last.

Miss Ida Schumacher was an Ann Arbor visitor Thursday.

Miss Mattie Glenn, of North Lake, went to Leslie Thursday.

Miss FlorenceBachman spent Sunday with friends at Waterloo.

Mrs. M. G. Curtis and daughter went to Detroit Thursday.

Geo. W. Lee, of Detroit, was in this place a few days of this week.

Miss Addie Monroe, of Detroit, is

the guest of Miss Pearle Davis. Mrs. O'Brein returned Saturday

from a visit with Ann Arbor friends. Miss Kate Ellis, of Macon, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Light-

Master Ralph Holmes has been visiting friends in Dexter and vicinity this

Misses Annie and Mabel Bacon ar visiting with friends in Detroit this

Miss Hattie Robbins, of Jackson spent Sunday with relatives at this

Mrs. E. J. Hickman, of Jackson, was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Chas

Miss Dora Harrington went to Chicago Wednesday where she is visiting with friends.

Miss Maggie and Susie Winters, of contemplating a trip to the World's Grand Rapids, are visiting with rela-

> A. W. Wilkinson is spending a couple of weeks at Mackinaw and Sault Ste. Marie.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilber Kempf and family, have been visiting friends in

Miss Eva Foster, of Ann Arbor, is

Miss Kate Winters went to Grand

spending some time with friends and relatives at this place. Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Crafts, of Shar-

on, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Crowell the first of the week. Mr. and Mrs. F.P.Glazier and family started Thursday evening for Bay View

where they will spend some time. Mrs. John Blaich and Miss Rosa Blaich, of Syracuse, N. Y., are visiting

at T. E. Wood's and Geo. Blaich's. Mrs. Wm. Brewer and daughter, of Saginaw, are the guests of Mrs. B'.s parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McLaren.

F. F. Ambrase and danghter, Vera, of Vermontville, Mich., are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. E. C.

. Master Harry McAllister and sister Mary, of Detroit, are the guests of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Durand.

Mrs. H. M. Long, of Edgeworth, Pa., who has been spending several weeks with her mother, Mrs. Brackbill, at this place, returned home

C. S. Durand, of Detroit is spending a week's vacation at this place, and to listen to the fish stories he tells. gives one the impression that he is enjoying himself.

Miss Myrta Irwin had the misfortune to burn her face in a very painful manner Thursday.

A few days ago an old gentleman was seen nailing a note on a tence. A friend passing said: "Why don't you have the notice published in the paper where people can read it?" "Waal," ent. | rent Inchoirue on preymeysis."

#### SCHOOL MEETING

L. Tichenor spent Thursday in De- A Very Short Session-One Trustee Elected-Director's Report.

The school meeting Monday evening was not largely attended, and it did

not take very long to do the work. Jas. Taylor was called to the chair

as the moderator was absent. The report of finance for the year

was read as follows: Amt. on hand July 7, '91 ... \$3,770 01 314.00

Recd from foreign scholars. 34,66 " from library fund..... " .primary and fine 618.65 money ...... Reed from sale of old seats ; 113.00 " taxes......

6,369.70 \$11,220.02 Total EXPENDITURES. Teachers' salaries..... \$3,540,00 Bond and interest ..... Free text books..... Coal -.... 192.35 Repairs.... 273.75 New seats.... Insurance ..... Director's salary..... Assessor's " ..... 25.00 270.00 Janitor's / " ...... Incidentals and supplies . . . . Building .....

\$10,979.50 Total 240.52 Balance on hand ...... PROBABLE RECEIPTS FOR COMING YEAR. Amt on hand ..... Foreign scholars.... 550 00 Primary and fine money .... 500 00 Mill tax..... 6,514 98 Direct tax..... \$8,005 50 Total PROBABLE EXPENSES.

3,590 00 Teachers' salaries..... 898 00 Heating apparatus..... 2,200 00 Bond and interest...... 350 00 Coal and wood ..... 270 00 Janitor..... Free text books...... 150 ff0 22 50 Insurance..... 300 00 Incidentals and supplies.... 50 00 Director's salary..... 25 00 Assessor's salary..... 150 00 Repairs..... \$,8005 50

Total Voted to raise \$6,500.

Only one trustee was elected, H. S. Holmes getting the plum. As there was no other business, the

meeting adjourned. The tenth anniversary of the ordina-

tion of Rev. W. P. Considine was observed last Monday at St. Mary's rectory. A number of friends from a distance were present and a very enjovable time was had.

Secretary Baker, of the state health board, wants a yard-cleaning day appointed and made by law a state holiday. He thinks it would be of as much importance at Arbor day or Labor day, and would compel everybody to clean up their back yards and alleys on that day.

An amusing, if not wholly imaginary, account appeared in the Boston Transcript lately lately of a couple who marriedlon a very small income, but managed to support themselves by keeping a sharp eye out for the various good things offered in advertisements at nominal prices. By an ingenious series of combinations with advertisers their house and furniture and utensils were secured on highly advantageous terms, and even their table was kept supplied with sample packages of this and that, furnished by enterprising advertisers. Thus we learn that at one time the bride and groom subsisted for three weeks chiefly on buckwheat cakes, as there was a fierce rivalry among the makers of the self raising flour, and such quantities of it were sent them that it would have been flying in the face of Providence not to eat it. Even their children have grown fat and hearty on a stimulating diet of various baby foods. The youngsters' pictures are shortly to figure in full page advertisements of these foods, and the supply received in return, it is expected, will be sufficient to fatten the entire family.

#### Administrator's Sale.

A fine traction engine, 12 horse power, also a Nichols and Shepherds separator will be sold to the highest bidder on Monday, the 18th, inst., at 1:30 pe in on the premises of the late John Bell, near Dover (Birkett). threshing outfit is in good running order, almost good as new. One barrel said the old gentleman, "if I tuck it to of machine oil and several cans of cylthe newspapers them fellers would get inder oil, a good milch cow, a work horse, a yearling heiter, wagons, trucks buggy, harness, log chains, etc., will

> R. C. REEVES, Special Administrator.

#### CAVANAUGH LAKE BREEZES

Nearly all the cottages are now open for the season.

Wm. Bacon and family are spending

a few days here. The Kempf and Freer cottages are

open once more, A. J. Sawyer and family returned

to camp Wednesday.

J. P. Wood's cottage is now occupied by Prof. Hall and family. Clarence Noble, of Ann Arbor is be-

ing entertained at J. K. Yocum's. Mr. and Mrs. Dell Yocum, of Jack-

son, are visiting at J. K. Yocum's. Mr. Donmall and family, of Jackon, have been spending the past week

at the Yocum cottage. Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Knapp have 457.70 been spending the past week with Mr. 361.52 and Mrs. H. M. Woods.

Misses Cora Bowen, Ida Sieele and 151.52 Edith Congdon are spending a few 50.00 days with Mrs. E. L. Negus.

Wednesday Mrs. F. Howlett and 337.22 children and Miss Edith Noble, of Ann

3,687.16 Arbor, made the camp a visit, Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker, Mrs. A. N. Morton and Clai e Durand have been spending some time here this week.

Tuesday Mr. Belser, of Ann Arbor, 200 00 arrived with his family and household goods and is now settled in his new cottage.

Lord Lytton's Method of Speech.

Lytton had a curious drawling manner of speech, his words being interspersed with frequent "erras" to help him out when he was waiting for the proper word. Then, again, he would emphasize a sentence or a single word by loudly raising his voice, a peculiarity which gave his talk a certain dramatic character. I remember once, when I was dining with him en petit comite. the conversation turned upon the universality of belief in a divine Creator, and even now I fancy I hear him saying: "When-erra-I had the honorerra-of becoming her majesty's secretary of state for the colonies, I made it my first business-erra-to instruct my agents all over the inhabitable globeerra-to report to me if they knew of any nation, tribe or community-erra:" thus far he had spoken in a low, melodious voice, when suddenly he changed his register, shot out the following words as from a catapult, "who did not believe in God." He added that he had only found one savage community with such a want of belief .- Cornhill Maga

#### Why He Hurried.

Out in lowa some years ago a number of men were engaged in the harvest field. When a man is working for wages on a farm there is nothing more delightful to him than a little fall of rain. It gives him a chance to stop work and seek shelter. These harvesters broke for the barn. When the great body of them arrived there they found that one of their number had got there ahead of them. He had fallen prostrate upon the barn floor, entirely out of breath. The foreman asked him why he had run himself to death.

"Good Lord," he replied, "I-was afraid the rain would stop before I got in."-Washington Letter.

The Curious Bezoar Stone.

There is now no sale for bezoar stones. The time was when this concretion was deemed very valuable, and many living men will remember having seen perfectly formed specimens sell for five or ten dollars, to be carried in the pocket as lucky stones. The bezoar stone is formed in the stomachs of cattle. It is calcareous and as hard as a bit of limestone, but the core is generally a mass of hair licked from the hide of the animal and carried into the stomach with the saliva. These concretions are as plentiful now as they ever were. -St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

#### Useless Expense.

A prince received from the house steward his monthly statement of accounts, in which occurred the item of 1.50 lire for the keep of a cat in the palace. The prince immediately wrote in the margin, "If there are no rats in the house, it is no good keeping a cat; if there are any rats, the charge for the keep of the cat is superfluous." And he struck out the item. - Don Chisciotte.

A Dentist's Way of Expressing It. A story is told about a popular dentist who was a farmer's boy before he studied his profession and the metaphors of the farm came glibly to his lips. He had just opened an office and one of his first customers was a young lady, whose teeth he carefully examined and then remarked, "I find, miss, that one of your hind teeth needs a little filling."-Springfield Homestead.

L. Tichenor has a lot of fine pleasure and fishing row boats for sale cheap.

All kinds of wagon and farm implements repaired at Fred Vogel's old FRANK GUIBERT.

Wanted Sewing-Will come to the ouse or will take the work home. MRS. D. BIRCHARD, Orchard st.

Bot Me dent.

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#### Council Proceedings.

Chelsea, Mich., June 23, 1892. Board met in council room, Meeting called to order by presi

dent. Roll call by clerk. Present, Wm. Bacon, president. Trustees, C. E. Whitaker, A. Conkright, Geo. Crowell, I. M. Whitaker W. F. Riemenschneider, F. Staffan.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Moved and supported that the bill of Glazier-Strong Oil Stove Company be allowed and order drawn on treas urer for the amount, lighting streets for month of May, \$60.

On motion the following bills were allowed and orders drawn on treasurer for the amounts:

Gilbert Martin, 15 days	work on	hghwys	\$22.50
James Hagen, 10	**		15.00 25.12
Chas. VanOrden, 16% Thos. Keelan, 14%	**		22.12
Peter Wilkins, 11%			17.62
Andrew Congdon, 81/4			12.37
Claude Martin, b		"	9.00
Fred Eminger, 4		" .	6.00
Town committee	on si	de and	CHOOS

Your committee on side and cros walks would submit the following re-

LIST OF SIDEWALKS TO BE REPAIRED.

James Ackerson, east side Main st Mrs Jas Harrington, Mrs Allan Stephens, 16 16 11 44 44 Wm Remnant, Theodore Swartout, west side Main st \*\* \*\* \*\* Martin McKone, north side North st Wm Wessle, north side Railroad st James Speer, north side Middle st

H S Holmes, Jas L Gilbert, Mrs F M Hooker, Harry Shaver, west side East s Elijah Hammond,

Mrs Barnes, south side Harrison st Wm Judson, School house walk, least side of East s Mrs C'S Barlow, south side Park s

Jacob Hepfer, 44 John Raftrey, Aaron Durand, 66 66 Charles Canfield, Perry Barber, west side East st L E Sparks, east " E. Skidmore, north side Orchard st Geo H Kempf, A L Baldwin,

Chas Smith, north Mrs McCarter, Miss Cassidy, Timothy McKone, " Wm Bacon, J M Burchard south Baptist ch. society "

Mrs Dr Wright east side Mrs God. Kempf south " Summit st Mrs Hartigan Chas Chandler Frank Staffan side Main Michael Staffan

Mrs Jas Bacon Jacob Stabler M. J. Lehman south " Summit s Mrs Nelson

Frank Staffan

Edward Monroe north Philip Keusch Henry Gilbert Thos Holmes

M W Bush west side Main s Geo A BeGole Mrs J. C. Winans south side South st 1 M Whitaker L Tichenor west side Congdon st

Chas Tichenor Mrs M J Winans north side South s Godfrey Weick south side Middle st Benj Johnson

E G Hoag north side Adams st Mrs. Barrus east side Main st NEW WALKS ORDERED.

Mrs. O N Allyn 89 ft on w side Main st Thos Beissel 116 " " Mrs K Yocum 73 ft on n side Middle st A Allison 101 ft on east side East st David Alber 34 ft on east side Main st Geo Mast 136 ft on s side Summit st ES Prudden 66 ft on n side South st Mrs MariaFrey 70 ft on w side Main st Tim. McKune 112 ft on n side Middle st 43 ft on east side Main st

ArthurCongdon 132 ft s side Lincoln st Moved and supported that the ieport of the side and cross walk committee be accepted and adopted. Car-

M C R R Co. 137 ft on w side Main st

The communication of G. W. Turnonll was read as follows: To the president and trustees of the village of Chelsea. Some four years ago and over Mrs. Frey drove a well in front of her place of business which cost her something over one hundred and fifty (\$150) It has proved a success as a well and San Francisco Examiner.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD on account of the public use she has already had to put in a second pump. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-tenaw, s. s. At a session of the Propate She thinks that from the fact that she has been to the entire expense of the experiment and the public have had experiment and the public have had two the use of it for four years that the village should pay her one half of the tion, duly original cost and that in the future, it should be kept up at the joint expense of herself and the village. This personally to your attention but owing of being present tonight and would suggest that if this offer was not entirely satisfactory, then the appointment of a committee to dispose of the question would be in order.

Yours, etc.,

G. W. Turnbull, Atty for Mrs. Frey.

Moved and supported that the communication of G. W. Turnbull in regard to Mrs. Frey's well be laid on the table. Carried.

Moved and carried that the president appoint a committee of three to conter with Mrs Frey in regard to well and report at next meeting. The president then appointed G. Crowell, proceedings at law or in chancery having been proceedings at law or in chancery having been A. Conkright and Frank Staffan to act as that committee.

On motion the board adjourned.

A. E. WINANS, Clerk.

A Strange Story of a Crime.

A story which, if true, is one of the most sensational on record reaches Paris from the Spanish frontier. A farmer and his wife, living at Peralada, near Figueras, had saved up sixty pounds in order to hire a substitute to serve in the army for their son, who had been called upon to join the colors. The parents, accompanied by their boy, set out the other day for Gerona in order to find the substitute, leaving their daughter Dolores to keep house in their absence. Meanwhile a local bad character named Foulanou, who lived in the next house to the farmer, overheard the latter and his wife as they were conversing about the object of their proposed visit to Gerona. He also learned through eavesdropping operations the amount of money raised and heard the farmer's wife locking it up in a wardrobe.

When the coast was clear of everybody but Dolores, Foulanou-his face covered with a mask-entered his neighbor's house, closed the door of it carefully after him, and going to the kitchen there seized the girl, gagged her and bound her to an iron post which supported a beam. Standing over Dolores with a knife, the robber made her point to the place where the sixty pounds was secreted. As he was putting the money in his pocket the girl muttered some words of reproach, whereupon Foulanou said that as she recognized him despite his disguise she must die. She could, however, choose the manner of her death, whereupon the girl said she preferred hanging to being butchered with the robber's knife.

The most sensational part of this story is its climax. Foulanou, in tying the rope whice he intended for the maiden, got his neck hopelessly entangled in it, and was accidentally strung up himself. Then there arrived on the scene, like a true hero of romance, the lover of Dolores, who was accompanied by a crowd of villagers and Foulanou's wife. The robber was released from his perilous position, restored to consciousness and handed over to justice. The curtain fell as Dolores was lifted from the ground by her deliverer, while the robber's wife went off into a fit of hysterics.-Paris Cor. London Telegraph.

Bismarck's Former Cook the Quickest. The fastest cooking, authentically attested, was done not long ago by Prince Bismarck's former chef, who is now chief cook in a famous restaurant of Berlin. He had made a bet with a regular guest of the place that he could kill, dress, cook and serve a chicken in six minutes. The exploit was to be per-

formed before invited spectators. At 9 o'clock on the appointed evening the cook appeared with his gas cooking stove on a platform in sight of all in the room. He waved the chicken around his head and it cackled loudly. Decapitating the fowl with one blow of a glittering knife, this gastronomic expert within sixty seconds had removed every feather from it. The gas stove was already lighted, with a broiler upon it. The fowl was cut open and drawn in one other minute and placed upon the broiler; a hot dish garnished with watercress was at hand, and it lacked watercress was at hand, and it lacked just a second of the six minutes when the chicken was served .- Pittsburg Dis-

A Hint for the Busy Man.

patch.

A large German tramp steamed into port this morning, with the yellow flag flying at the masthead, causing quite a commotion along the city front. She proved to be the Romulus from Hong-Kong. There was no sickness on board in spite of the yellow flag, and the Captain told Dr. Lawlor he only hoisted it to keep the runners away from the ship. His ruse succeeded, for not a runner at within half a mile of the vessel.-

resent, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Clarissa I. Berry deceased. On reading and fling the petition, duly verified, of Libbie A. Stone praying that administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 25th day of July next at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of seems reasonable and I think should be said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court then to be one. I had expected to present this holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the to sickness in the family, am not sure of heing present towink, am not sure give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Cherska Standard, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day

Mortgage Sale

befault having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage executed by Parmenas W. Watts and Isabella F. Watts, his wife to the Chelsea Savings Bank of Chelsea, Michigan, a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the state of Michigan, bearing date the 25th day of October, A. D. 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the savints of Westernam is said. of Deeds for the county of Washtenaw in said state of Michigan, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1888 in liber 72 of mortgages on page 390 by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at this date the sum of eleven hundred, twenty-six and 81-100 dollars for principal and interest and instituted to recover the debt so secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of the power sale contained in said mortgage and of the statutes in such case made and provided said mortgage will be foreclosed on Monday. the 19th day of September, 4892, at 11 o'clock it the forenoon of that day at the east front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor in said county of Washtenaw (said court housebe ing the place of holding the circuit court for said county of Washtenaw) by sale at public vendue to the highest bidder of the premises described in said mortgage, which said mort gaged premises are described in said mortgage as follows, viz: All those certain pieces and parcels of land situate and being in the townships of Lyndon and Dexter in the county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan and described as follows to-wit

The west half of the northwest fractional section eighteen in said township of Dexter. Also the north-east fractional quarter of sec tion thirteen (13) in the township of Lyndon

Excepting a small strip fying south of the highway on southwest corner of last described parsel and also a small parcel of land sold to John McCornell in southvest corner of said last described parcel.

Dated Chelsea, Mich. June 23, 1892.

Chelsea Savings Bank, mortgagee.

G. W.Turnbull attorney for mortgagee.



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VOL. IV. NO. 16.

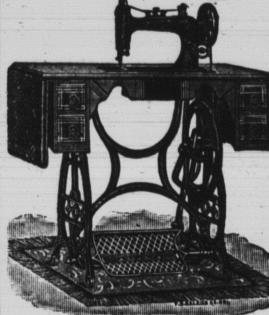
CHELSEA, MICH., JULY 1, 1892.

WHOLE NUM ER, 172.

which has the largest circulation of any paper published in Chelsea; and proves every claim that it makes in regard to its circulation.

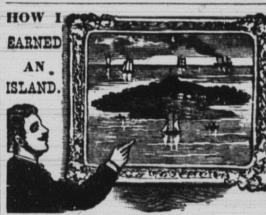
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### YON BY GEN. WEAVER

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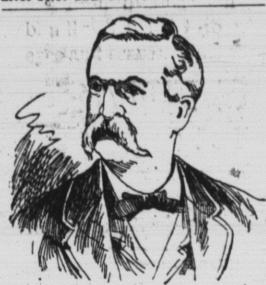
### FIELD IN SECOND PLACE

THE NOMINATIONS ARE MADE UNANIMOUS.

Work of the Convention in Detail-Great Enthusiasm Displayed Over the Platform and at All Stages of the Interesting Proceedings.

Saturday's Sessions.

Omaha special: The National Convention of the People's Independent party met in the Coliseum Building in this city. The ball in which the convention was held seats about twelve thousand persons and in appearance resembles the Minneapolis hall. As the hall began to fill a notable feature was the presence of many women delegates. Chairman Taubeneck, of the National Executive Committee, came upon the platform shortly after 19:30 and entered into consulta-



JAMES B. WEAVER.

tion with other leaders. By 11 o'clock the part of the hall allotted to delegates was fairly well filled, most of the 1,776 delegates being present, but in much confusion. The general remark was that it was a fine-looking body of men. Strong and striking physiognomies were numerous.

Chaplain Diffenbacher, of the Nebraska house of representatives, a somewhat notable character in the independent politics of Nebraska, took a seat upon the platform about 11 o'clock, and so did George P. Bemis, mayor of Omaha. The newspaper men were well provided for on the right and left of the speakers' stand.

Chairman Taubeneck called the convention to order at 11:05 o'clock. It required ten minutes to produce order and Sergeant-at-arms L. A. Beltzer's loud voice was necessary to make Mr. Taubeneck's gavel effective. The Chairman at once introduced Chaplain Diffenbacher, who made the opening prayer in a strong, full voice, readily heard in ali parts of the hall.

When the Chairman introduced Mayor Bemis, of Omaha, to welcome the delegates, he was received with hearty cheers, and his speech was frequently interrupted by loud applause. At the conclusion of the address the convention gave three tremendous cheers for the Mayor.

Chairman Taubeneck then introduced as Temporary Chairman C. H. Ellington. of Georgia, and surrendered the gavel to him. J. W. Hayes, of New Jersey, was made Temporary Secretary, with C. P. Carpenter, of Minnesota, and Jesse Poundstone, of California, assistants. Mr. Ellington proceeded to deliver a heavy address which was well

received. At the conclusion of the speech "Sister Todd," of Illinois, was introduced and received with loud cheers. She came forward and presented to the convention a gavel carved by Mrs. Ben S. Terrell from the wood of a tree planted by Washington and grown at Mount Vernon. Sister Todd delivered a ringing address in a clear, strong voice that penetrated all parts of the hall and aroused the great audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm. Clad in black, wearing a black hat and gesticulating vigorously with the black gavel, the gentle orator presented a striking figure.

Tho Credentials Committee was direeted to meet, and a committee of one from each State on permanent organization and one from each State on rules was appointed. The convention at once proceeded to call of the States for committees. At one o'clock the convention took a recess for one hour.

When the convention reassembled the committees were not ready to report, and the delegates were entertained by several quartette clubs, who sang selections bearing on the political issues as understood by the People's party. Some of the songs were very pertinent and had catching refrains. One proclaimed "that they were very lucky because they had the tariff yet," a statement which called forth loud applause. During the lull Chairman Ellington read an interesting message of good cheer from Washington, signed by the sympathizers

of the People's party in Congress. As the committees were still at work the convention settle down into a goodnatured mass meeting and was addressed by Ignatius Donnelly and others. Mr. Do nelly made the most interesting speech of the afternoon. He was humorous and sarcastic by turns and scored several gool points. He was followed by H. Jaxon, a half-breed Indian who is practicing law in Chicago, and who made a strong speech in sup-por of the new movement. Jaxon spoke fluently and well.

The Committee on Credentials submitted a report and the convention then adjourned to meet again at 8 o'clock Monday morning.

Monday's Meeting.

In accordance with the early training of n ne-tenths of the delegates, they were in their places early Monday morning, and Temporary Chairman Ellington, sharply on the minute called the Rev. W. McCready, who offered prayer. | would accept if nominated unanimously, | electric current. in territorian of the second force

South Dakota; for permanent Secretary, J. W. Hayes, New Jersey; for Assistant Secretaries, S. S. King of Kansas, George Wilson of Michigan, G. W. Den-mark of South Dakota, Following this was also a long list of Vice Chairmen, each State being represented in the distribution of this honor. The report was unanimously adopted.

Permanent Chairman Loucks, standing wild confusion followed. firmly on his one leg and swinging a crutch at arm's length, waved the great assemblage to order. His speech as it assemblage to order. His speech as it til 8 o'clock, and asked that the nomi-progressed was a surprise, and elicited nating speeches be postponed until the cheers at every few words.

A new gavel, announced as coming by permission of the owner from timber on the first homestead entry in the United States, was at this moment presented to the Chairman. He rapped it vigorously on the desk amid laughter caused by a declaration that this gavel, unlike the read: one used at a recent national convention, had not been stolen, and that the Independent Party did not require to steal either its thunder or its noise.

Gen. William J. Armstrong, Inspector General of Consuls under Grant, and Mrs. Emery, of Michigan, each made speeches of considerable length.

The Committee on Rules reported the new-fangled method of voting for first and second choices, but the delegates fell upon it almost to a man. Vandervoort of Nebraska finally moved that the convention be allowed to vote for any man it chose so long as he remained a candidate. It was secon led and carried. A recess of twenty minutes was taken to allow the delegates to inspect the Omaha Fourth of July parade, but it was nearly an hour before the convention again took up its work.

The members of the new National Committee were sent to the stand, and while they were being arranged Chairman Branch threw the first bombshell into the convention by referring in a resolution to the slight put upon the Western delegates by the Union Pacific Railroad Delegate Cannon wanted a hearing on this question and got it. He delegates to other conventions, and brought the convention to its feet with a wild cheer when he reached his peromission, and he moved that it be brought before that organization to see whether the law permitted railroads to discrim-

Sergeants-at-arms were appointed to control over-enthusiastic delegates in each State and the Committee on Perstantly to their feet and thousands of manent Organization announced for permanent Chairman H. L. Loucks of Gresham. There seemed no doubt that among those wildly cheering enthusiasts were a majority of the delegates, whether their enthusiasm was an evidence of their enthusiasm for Gresham or not,

Mr. Brown of Massachusetts wanted special privileges to none given by the convention. Any one would take the nomination if it were tendered unanimously. He assailed the galleries for It was a picturesque spectacle when three Gresham cheers, and a scene of

Vandervoort of Nebraska moved to adjourn after the nominating speeches unevening session. By unanimous consent

the motion to adjourn prevailed. On the opening of the evening session the resolutions committee reported a supplement to the platform, after which the following telegram, which had just been received from Judge Gresham, was

J. B. Weaver, Ignatius Donnelly, Ben Terrell,
John W. Hays:
I have just returned and find your dispatch
of the 1st. I must stand by my dispatch to Mr.
Orr of the 2d. Accept my grateful acknowledgments.

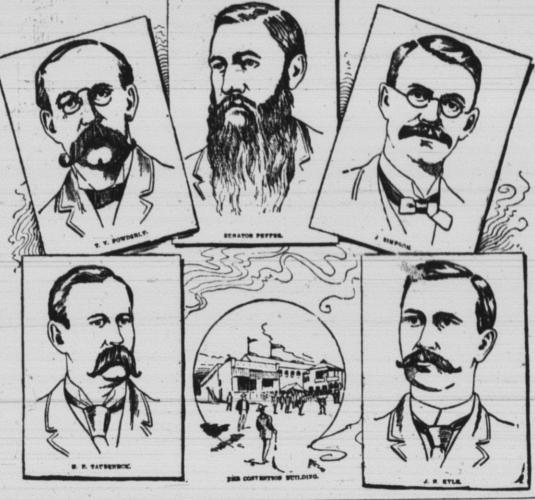
W. Q. GRESHAM.

That settled it. Judge Gresham's friends now gave up their efforts. The roll-call of States was announced for the nomination of candidates for Presi-

The first State, Alabama, was scarcely called, when J. S. Manning of that State arose and promptly placed in nomination a man "the mention of whose name creates such enthusiasm as was never heard in our State. It has been said he was an old war-horse, but I say he is good for a thousand campaigns yet to come.

"Who is he?" shouted a voice. "Gen. James B. Weaver of Iowa."

[Prolonged cheers.] The place of Colorado was yielded to Col. S. F. Norton, of Illinois, who placed Senator Kyle, of South Dakota, in nomination. A Connecticut delegate presented Gen. James Field, of Virginia. [Applause.] A Florida delegate seconded the nomination of Gen. Weaver. F. W. Wimber ey, of Georgia, seconded referred to the treatment accorded the the nomination of Senator Kyle. Stephen H. Bashor, of Illinois, named Senator Van Wyck, of Nebraska. The mention of Van Wyck's name aroused ration. Dean of New York grasped the some of the liveliest cheering of the matter. There was an interstate com- evening. John H. Borgeman, of Indiana, a one-legged soldier, seconded the nomination of Gen. James B. Weaver. Prof. C. Vincent, of Indiana, seconded inate in favor of one national political Kyle's nomination, and another Indiconvention against another. The mo- ana delegate jumped to his feet and



tion to make complaint to the commission was carried.

The Committee on Resolutions was still wrestling with the platform, and

on a statement that it would be two hours before it could report a recess until 2 p. m. was taken.

It was 2:07 o'clock when Chairman Loucks called the convention to order, but it was after 3 p. m. before all the delegates and visitors had secured seats and the raps of the Chairman had resulted in a beginning of business. The immense hall was almost completely filled. It was very sultry and fully a third of the delegates were in shirt

The first business was the adoption of a motion that the Resolutions Committee report. The committee filed on the stage with a platform. Thomas V. Cator of California read the preamble of the unanimous report of the Resolutions Committee on the platform adopted. Cator moved the adoption of the preamble, and it was adopted by a unanimous uprising of delegates and tumultuous applause. At once on the adoption of the platform the convention broke over all restraint and went wild. The whole convention, audience and delegates, rose to their feet with stirring enthusiasm in a demonstration lasting twenty minutes. It began by the convention rising in their chairs, cheering, swinging coats, which had been taken off on account of the heat, waving hats and fans, and throwing things in the air. Several delegates seized Branch, of Georgia, Chairman, and trotted him up and down the main aisle on their shoulders. A number of delegates seized the uprights used to hold placards designating State delegations, and rushed with th m to the platform. Banners were also borne there. Shout succeeded shout, while eccentric devices were used to prolong the dem-

Suddenly Taubeneck of Illinois sprang

said one-half of the delegation was for Van Wyck. Candidates Named.

At 12:30 the roll call was begun on the first ballot.

From the very beginning of the roll call Weaver led all his competitors, and so overwhelming was the vote cast for him that his nomination was practically assured before the ballot was half completed. The Weaver infection seemed to spread and as State after State cast its vote the Weaver people grew wildly



TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN ELLINGTON.

enthusiastic, culmination coming when the result was announced, the cheering being loud and continued. The first ballot resulted: Weaver, 995; Kyle, 265; Horton, 1; Page, 1; Stanford, 1. Norton of Illinois moved to make the

nomination unanimous, and it was carried with a cheer., A roll call of States was at once ordered on vice-president. There were but two nominations for vice-president, Ben Terrell of Texas and Gen. J. G. Field of Virginia. Gen.

Field was chosen on the first ballot. upon a chair and wildly waved a tele-gram above his head. It dawned upon the delegates that it might be from of ozone by patients for whom this treat-Gresham and an uproar ensued. The ment is prescribed. It consists of an telegram was from Dr. Hauser of Indi- ebonite tube, in which are two metallic

### MANY MEN SHOT DOWN.

LABOR TROUBLES CULMINATE IN BLOODSHED.

Bloody Battle at Carnegle's Homestend Mills-Many Wounded on Both Sides-Workmen in Possession of the Plant-Hostilities Not Ended.

Civil War in Pennsylvania.

Homestead (Pa.) special: Carnegie's managers attempted to land Pinkerton men at the Homestead works on Wednesday morning. The attempt was resisted by the locked-out men, and a la'tle with guns ensued, in which thirty-eight men are reported to have been killed and many more in-

Three hundred Pinkerton men armed with Winchesters were brought from



ANDREW CARNEGIE.

Pittsburg in barges in the light of the early morning. The strikers had been advised of their coming, and had gathered with their friends to the number of 5,000 on the landing when the barge arrived. The Pinkertons were advised from the shore not to attempt landing. They persisted, and as one of their num-

knew that the vessels were approach-The dock was fenced in to the river's

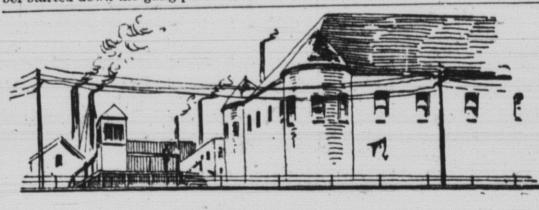
edge; the invaders must be stopped.
One leader cried, "Follow me," and,
rushing to a part of the fence back from
the river, attacked it. In a twinkling a
breach was made in "Fort Frick" and 2,500 people crowded through the property down to the river and stood waiting for the approaching boats. Before they penetrated the mist several volleys were fired, not at the vessels, but as a were fired, not at the yessels, but as a waining. Presently the dark hulls showed through the white veil of fog and swung into the landing. There was breathless silence. Like ants thousands of the sons of Vulcan swarmed the bank to the water's edge. Capt. Heinde, of the Pinkertons, raised a plank from the deck of the barge nearest the shore. One of his men also grasped the big board, and one end was shoved ashore. Then there was a shout as of Spartans at the Tiber. One man stepped on the plenk and went ashore. He was grabbed by the crowd and was seen no more. Captain Heinde followed. He had taken one step on the plank when he fell with a shot in the leg. The men behind him turned their Winchesters on the crowd and like a whirring of bees were the volleys which passed.

Twenty-three Shot. Five Pinkerton men fell, one fatally shot through the head. The strikers lost six killed and twelve wounded, but the boats were repulsed and withdrew into mid-stream.

It was all over so quickly that not until the boats returned to the shelter of the fog did the strikers realize the damage done their fellows. Never more scintillating fire shot from the eyes of demons. Utterly reckless and frenzied the howitzers were ordered ready, and barrels of oil were loaded on a barge, to be fired and sent against the boats.

Slowly the craft returned. The firing was renewed and returned from the boats, and again numbers of the strikers fell. Then came the grand coup of the strikers. The gun on the little yacht Edna was turned against the craft and one on shore belched its fire upon its human freight.

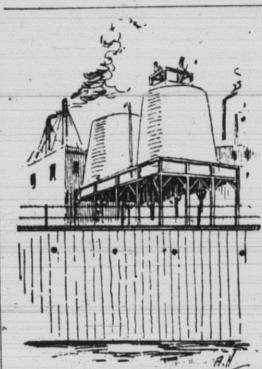
Blazing Oil Sent Down Stream. Finally oil was liberated from the barber started down the gang plank he fired rels above by the men and was fired.





his gun. The shot was answered by the The flery track was not broad enough, strikers, and a fusillade ensued which and with a little shifting the blazing lasted for half an hour.

withdrew from the shore, and desultory ger of the strikers, and, towing their firing was kept up on both sides for sev- scow into proper position, they broke in eral hours. During this time the strik- the heads of the barrels, fired the oil,



WATCHMEN ON THE WATER TANKS.

on the opposite side of the river, placed

the guards between two fires. About 10 o'clock the men on the barges made another attempt to land, and a desperate battle followed, in which rifles in the hands of the strikers and Pinkerton men and the cannon did terrible execution. While this fight was in progress the strikers poured oil into the river above the barges and set it on fire. The boats were soon surrounded by, flames, and caught fire in several places. The guards were unable to withstand this new element, and finally at 11 o'clock they were forced to withdraw and return to Pittsburg.

Hosts Gather for Delense. "They come. The Pinkertons are coming!" shouted a horseman riding at lightning speed as he dashed into Homestead at 1 o'clock in the morning and alarmed the leaders of the strikers at their headquarters. The secret signals, long ago planned and arranged, were set working and from both sides of the Monongahela River answering responses came. The story of the fall of Warsaw might be written again. "To arms to protect our homes!" cried 3,000 strikers and nearly as many men, women and children. Slowly came the steamer Little Bill towing two model barges loaded with 350 Pinkerton coal and iron police, Winchester rifles and an abun-howitzers and search lights. dance of ammunition.

The scene on shore was thrilling. The thousands of people were assembled on the bank of the river on the

stream passed harmlessly by. This After the first fu-illade the boats failure to cause retreat added to the aners secured a cannon, and, planting it and sent the craft down on the boats. The men now have complete possession of the works, and unless Gov. Pattison orders out troops they will continue in possession.

Defenses at the Steel Works.

About six weeks ago, in anticipation of the coming conflict between the Carnegie interests and the workmen, a stout board fence twelve feet high was built upon a foundation of slag three feet high, completely surrounding the steel works. This fence is three miles long. On the top are strung three strands of barbed wire, so connected that a current of electricity may be sent through them from the electric plant by the simple turning of a switch in the office. Portholes four inches in diameter have been bored a'ong this fence at the height of a man's eye. Trenches have been dug over all parts of the works to various points along the fence where hydrants are stationed. Connections have been made so that either cold or boiling hot water can be sent through these pipes to the hydrants.

An additional fence has been built about the office, and a bridge forty feet high has been strung across the tracks, connecting the office with a building inside the works. A search light has been placed upon this bridge, and also a sentry box.

On the river front the Carnegie steel launch Annie has been fitted out as a warship, with swivel guns, and several



MANAGER HENRY C. FRICK.

A STUDENT of Amherst College discovers by reading Thucydides that the grip was more violent and frequently fatal in Greece 470 years B. C. than Homestead side. As the boat moved up fatal in Greece 470 years B. C. than the crowd followed. It arrived opposite among us to-day. The book describes the big Carnegie mills, passed up and the symptoms minutely, and mentions convention to order and introduced the ana and was to the effect that Gresham points connected with a high tension then backed down toward the landing. mental depression as one of its most



the person with bad blood who's not taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. You are bereft of judgment and good sense if you allow your blood to get out of order, your liver sluggish-life dull, everything blue, for you may soon find out that you're in the grave-or next to it because you did not procure the G. M. D. soon enough, and some dread disease, may be influenza or consumption, may be typhoid or malarial fever, has taken you. Consumption is Lung Scrofula. For Scrofula in its myriad forms, and for all Liver, Blood and Lung diseases, the "Discovery" is an unequaled remedy. Everybody, now and then, feels "run-down" "playedout,"-with no power to generate vitality, in fact, just too sick to be well. That's where the right kind of medicine comes in, and the "Discovery" does for a dollar what the doctor wouldn't do for less than five

We claim that nothing like it has been discovered for a blood-purifier. It's guaranteed by the makers. Your money is returned if it dosen't benefit or cure you.

> Advice to

Ailing Women Free.

Countless letters are received by us from ailing women in all parts of the world, seeking advice. All are answered in a

careful manner, giving each the benefit of the great library of reference compiled during a woman's life's work among suffering women. These are the largest records concerning Female Complaints in the world. Thousands of women have been benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's advice after all other treatment had failed. Don't throw away this chance. Write us about your case. It will cost you nothing, and may save your life. Your letter will be received and answered by one of your sex. Correspondence strictly private. We never publish even a letter of testimonial without the person's unqualified consent.

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with Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn off. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Bril-liant, Odorless, Durable, and the con-sumer pays for a size and package sumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3.000 TONS

WEATHER FORECASTS.

WHAT PROPHET FOSTER HAS TO SAY.

A Storm of Considerable Energy in the Upper Missouri Valley About the 18th-Drouth Conditions to Continue in Parts of the South.

Meteorological Matters.

My last bulletin gave forecasts of the torm wave due to cross the continent from 11th to 15th, and the next will reach the Pacific coast about the 16th. cross the Western mountains by the close of the 17th, the great central val-leys from 18th to 20th, and the Eastern States about the 21st.

This storm will be at its greatest energy in the Upper Missouri Valley about the 17th and 18th.

A wave of cooler and more pleasant weather, moving eastward, will cross the Western mountains about the 19th, the great central valleys about the 21st, and the Eastern States about the 23d.

Drouth conditions in large localities will continue in many parts of the Southern States, while in Northern sections and in countries of more than 2,000 feet elevation, the weather will be more seasonable.

Unususlly severe hurricanes may be expected in the West Indies and on the Gulf of Mexico during July and August, and while these hurricanes are on the Gulf we may expect sudden cool periods in the Northwestern States.

Local Forecasts.

Weather changes move from west to east across the continent, and each local forecast is made for within 250 miles east and west of the magnetic meridian mentioned, and for all the country between 25 and 50 degrees of north latitude. These local weather changes will occur within twenty-four hours before or after sunset of the dates given:

MERIDIAN.

July 17-Warmer.

July 18-Storm wave on this meridian.

July 19-Wind changing. July 20-Cooler and clearing.

July 21-Fair and cool.

July 22-Moderating. July 23-Warmer.

ALVESTON, KANSAS CITY AND MINNE-

APOLIS MERIDIAN.

July 17-Moderating. July 18-Warmer.

July 19-Storm wave on this meridian,

July 20-Wind changing.

July 21-Cooler and clearing. July 22-Fair and cool.

July 2'-Moderating. TLANTA, CINCINNATI AND LANSING

MERIDIAN. July 17-Fair and ecol.

July 18-Moderating.

July 19-Warmer.

July 20-Storm wave on this meridian.

July 21-Wind changing.

July 22—Cooler and clear ng.

July 23-Fair and cool. Coal and Ca bon Notes. vein from vegetation would require 200 to 400 feet of fallen vegetable decay.

The vegetation from which geologists declare coal is derived grows in swamps where there is an abundance of water, but not sufficient to cover the vegetation entirely while it is growing. Therefore, in order to produce even 240 feet of the coal-forming vegetation, the surface of the swamp water would necessarily have to gradually rise at least fifty feet, as the vegetable decay would accumulate. otherwise the vegetation would soon be the Bitters is most popular and constitutes

It would not do to say that this vegeat the bottom of a lake tifty feet deep, gradually filling up the lake with the vegetable remains, for that class of vegetation will not grow in such a lake.

it would not grow.

Geologists say that hard coal is formed of soft coal by volcanic heat and great pressure. In this they are probably correct. Then the hard coal is formed by the heat and pressure driving off the water and the lighter oils of the soft coal. In that case all the dirt, the incombustibles, the gravel, rock, pyrites of iron, etc., would remain in the hard coal and we would have a greater proportion to the ton of this dirt in hard than in soft coal. But every person who has used hard and soft coal knows that the proportion of ash or dirt in the hard coal is not more than one-half what it is in soft coal.

This is positive evidence, irrefutable, that instead of coal being formed of vegetation in a swamp it fell as cosmical dust. The heavier forms would settle quickly in deep water, and therefore we have the hard coal with but lit-tle ash or dirt in it. The lighter forms would float longer, settle slower, reach the shallow waters near the shore, and contain more dirt than the anthracite or hard coal.

When our coal beds were deposited the Mississippi Valley was the shallow part of the seas, as the south end of Baffin's Bay now is the shallow part and near the shores, and the region of New York and Pennsylvania hard coal was in the deep sea. On this line of thought nothing but harmony is found, while on the vegetable line of coal formations all is chaos.

Almost universally fire-clay is found under beds of coal, and instead of it benig a vegetable producing clay, it, as a rule, fell on vegetable growth, smothering and killing it. In northern latitudes of carbonite, the two deposits being in and covered with great masses of solid glacier ice, with not a particle of evidence that any vegetation ever existed there. There are no abraded mountains near these deposits from which they could have been carried by water.

Prof. Vail says that this fire-clay under a carbonite deposit is found between massive beds of glacier ice, and being a geologist he declares that his brother geologists are utterly con-founded as to where this clay and carbon fell as the snow and was deposited 'a on the glacier ice. This will be further

discussed hereafter. Copyrighted 1892, Ly W. T. Foster.

ONE OF THE FINEST.

An Institution that Makes Its Patrons Happy.

The weary traveler who happens to land in Fort Wayne, Ind., should not fail to write his name upon the register of the Wayne Hotel. That new and elegant hostelry is owned and operated by one of the best known landlords in the West, W. M. McKinney. Under his personal supervision the "Wayne" is recognized by the traveling community as equal in every respect to any metropolitan hotel in the country. Every-



thing about it has an air of home comfort. The rooms are pleasant and extremely neat, and the cuisine is unsurpassed. Every person that stops at the Wayne" has only words of praise for the house and its genial proprietor, "Billy" McKinney. It is an institution

SANTA FE, DENVER, AND BLACK HILLS of which the citizens may well be proud, as it would be a credit to any city. If you ever expect to visit the metropolis of Northern Indiana, make a note of this and give the "Wayne" a call. You will not regret it.

Bloomed in an Hour.

The idea generally seems to be that spring comes slowly up this way, but this is not so in Belfast, unless the Age is misinformed. That paper tells of a Belfast gentleman who woke about 4:45 o'clock Sunday morning and glanced out of the window at the clock on the Unitarian Church, as was his custom of a morning, to see what time it was. Having found out he turned over for another nap. The next time he woke he again glanced toward the steeple, and was surprised to find that the budding leaves in the trees between his house and the clock had burst forth to such an extent that they shut out the clock so that he was unable to barely see the large face, let alone the hands. He was telling this circumstance to a neighbor later in the day, when the latter said he too noted the fact, as he also took time from In order to form a 25 to 50 foot coal the same clock.—Lewiston (Me.) Jour-

Swamps

Are not the only abode of malaria. You find it everywhere, even in localities where atmospheric and sanitary conditions would seem to be unfavorable to its development. The universal remedy for and preventive of the dire complaint is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Wherever the malady assumes its most virulent form, and whether it be chills and fever. bilious remittent, dumb ague or ague cake, high and dry above the water, where the best means of protection and cure. From Maine to the Isthmus of Panama, in Guatemala, Mexico, South America and the tropics, tation began to grow and accumulate this truly famous medicine has won "golden opinions" from all conditions and classes in more than a metaphorical sense. For debility, indigestion, constipation, rheumatism, insomnia, neuralgia, liver and kidney trouble, it is highly efficacious. Use it with persistence.

Subduing Old Ocean.

An ingenious invention, with the object of lessening the force of the waves has been recently exhibited at the Paris headquarters of the Central Society for the Saving of Life in Shipwrecks. It is proposed to cover the surface of the sea around an endangered vessel with a thin cotton or silken net, rendered unsubmersible and ever-floating by being dipped in a special chemical preparation. The idea is due to the fact that, when crossing the track of the Gulf stream it has been noticed that the vast spreading fields of floating seaweed within the confines of the stream, though upheaved by the swell, remained glassy and smooth.

To Whom?

She was a spectacled young woman from Boston visiting in Virginia for the first time. In the evening an owl in an old tree down the road began to hoot. "To whoo! to whoo!" came the weird and lonesome call.

The young woman stepped to the open window to listen. "To whoo! to whoo!" came the cal! again.

"What's that?" she inquired. "An owl," said her hostess.

"Indeed," and her spectacles went up critically. "Well, all I have to say is its language is frightfully ungrammatical.

IF a man weighing 168 pounds were to be transferred to the moon, the weight of his body, measured, at least, by the attraction which the moon would exercise upon it, would be reduced to this clay is found under great masses about 28 pounds. If his muscles and his frame remained the same, it would seem as if he would be able to jump over a wall 12 feet high on the small globe without any greater exertion than would be required to clear a wall two feet high on the earth.

> LIFE will frequently languish, even in the hands of the busy, if they have not some employment subsidiary to that which forms their main pursuit.

EXCITEMENT is not enjoyment; in bon came from. The only reasonable calmness lies true pleasure. The most inference is that this fire-clay and car- precious wines are sipped, not bolted in

FITS,—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Mar-velous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to 51t cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 631 Arch St., Phila, Pa

The Only One Ever Printed-Can You Find the Word?

There is a 3-inch display advertisement in this paper this week which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word, and they will return you book, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPHS, OF SAMPLES PREE.

Use of Teas.

The New England States use Formosan teas, the Middle States all kinds of Oolong teas, green teas and a few Congos; the South, principally green teas; and the Northwest and Canada, Japan teas, which latter constitute over one-half of the entire c. nsumption.

A Dose in Time Saves Nine of Hale's Hon-ey of Horehound and Tar for coughs. FIRE's TOOTHACHE DROPS Cure in one Minute.

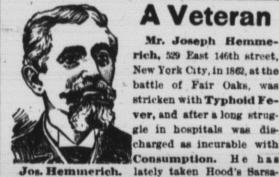
IRATE HUSBAND-"I'd like to give you a piece of my mind." Mother-inlaw-"Don't; you'd be a mental pauper."

BEECHAM'S PILLS stimulate the ptyalin in the saliva, remove depression, give appetite and make the sick well. A HARD head sometimes passes for a

wise one. If you are not wise, don't give yourself away.

J. A. JOHNSON, Medina, N. Y., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cure1 me." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Don't dispute the right of way with a cyclone.



**A Veteran** 

Mr. Joseph Hemmerich, 529 East 146th street, New York City, in 1862, at the battle of Fair Oaks, was stricken with Typhoid Fever, and after a long struggle in hospitals was discharged as incurable with Consumption. He has

parilla, is in good health, and cordially recommends HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA as a general blood purifier and tonic medicine, especially to his comrades in the G. A. R.

HOOD'S PILLS are hand-made, and are perfect in composition, proportion and appearance



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken: it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y. LOUISVILLE, KY.



BENTON, Laf. Co., Wis., Dec., 1888. Rev. J. C. Bergen vouches for the following: James Rooney, who was suffering from St. Vitus Dance in its worst form for about 11/4 years, was treated by several physicians without effect. Two bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic cured him.

Seven Hard Years!

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept., 1888. Since I was 11 years of age I was afflicted with spasms, which increased in severity so that I would lose conscioueness—I used but one bottle of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, and the spasms disappeared for five weeks, and after that time I used some more of the Medicine, and now since two months I am entirely free of my former trouble.

W. WEINSTEIN.

44 Cleaver St.

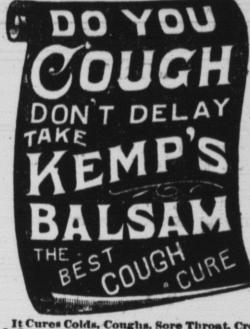
emedy has been prepared by the Reverend Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and repared under his direction by the

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stimulate the torpid liver, strengthen the digestive organs, regulate the bowels, and are unequaled as arrantibilious medicine. Dose small. Price, 25c. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

German

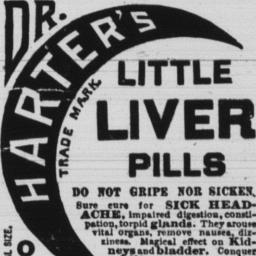
I simply state that I am Druggist and Postmaster here and am therefore in a position to judge. I have tried many Cough Syrups but for ten years past have found nothing equal to Boschee's German Syrup. I have given it to my baby for Cian with the most satisfactory results. Every mother should have it. J. H. Hobbs, Druggist and Postmaster, Moffat, Texas. We present facts, living facts, of to-day Boschee's German Syrup gives strength to the body. Take no substitute.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Infigures, Whooping Cough. Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose, Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and \$1.00.

A Strong Indorsement.

We have often called the attention of the readers of this paper to the fact that Reid's German Cough and KIDNEY CURE contains no poison. When it is considered that the rest of the popular cough remedies contain opiates or poison in some form, this claim on behalf of REID's is an important one. We desire, therefore, to present in substantiation of this claim the following letter from Heber Chase, a well-known citizen of Wady Petra, Stark Co., Ill., and a worthy man: WADY PETRA, Ill., April 6th, 1892.—Sylvan Remedy Co.: Gentlemen-We have sold Reid's German Cough and Kidney Cure about two years, and found it to be a good seller, giving good satisfaction, and I know that it contains no poison, for my little girl, about two years old, got hold of a twenty-five cent bottle and drank it at a dose, and it did not injure her in the least. It did her good. I cheerfully recommend it to the public. Truly yours, HEBER CHASE.

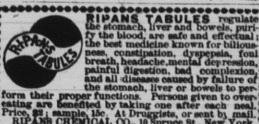


Bure cure for SICK HEAD
ACHE, impaired digestion, constipation, torpid glands. They arouse
vital organs, remove nausea, dizzinesa. Magical effect on Kidneys and bladder. Conquer
bilious nervous disorders. Establish natural DAILY ACTION. 00 Beautify complexion by purifying blood. PURELY VEGETABLE.

The dose is nicely adjusted to suit case, as one pill can never be too much. Each vial contains 42, carried in vest pocket. It he lead pencil. Business man's great convenience. Taken easier than sugar. Sold everywhere. All genuine goods bear "Crescent." Send 2-cent stamp. You get 32 page book with sample. DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Ma.

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Quarter-sawed Oak, Antique.

THE ARION.
Mahogany, fine finish. THE CONSERVATORY. All the above sold under our own guarantee; 100,000 of our instruments in use. Your local dealer will order for you. Genuine have name burned on inside. Send for illustrated catalogue. LYON & HEALY, 53 Monroe Street, Chicago

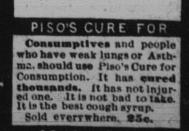


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HEMORDIA FILES.

THE ONLY SURE CURE. Price \$1.00 by mail. HEMORDIA CO., 110 Fulton St., New York.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, in this paper.



CONSUMPTION.

# DO YOU SEE THE PO



Profit by this young man's experience and instead of blindly FEELING your way through the world use your eyes and senses. This will surely result in your trading at the

### BANK DRUG STORE. **IGNORANCE**

is no excuse whatever in the "eye of the law," and the same rule applies in buying your goods. We are constantly offering the public

### BARGAINS INNUMERABLE

in drugs, groceries, wall paper, jewelry and all other lines that we carry, but we cannot, of course, compel you to take advantage of them. However we promise to always

#### DO OUR PART

and furnish the following prices in testimony of that fact

Codfish in bricks, 8c per lb. Lemons, 20c per doz.

Good raisins, 8c per 1b. 6 bars soap, Jaxon, White Russian,

Babbit or Queen Anne, 25c. Full cream cheese, 11c per lb. Salmon, 11c per can.

Good corn, 10c "

4 lbs Vail & Crane crackers, 25c.

8 lbs rolled oats, 25c. 21 lbs granulated sugar, \$1.

Pint fruit cans with caps and rubbers. 75c per doz.

Quart fruit cans with caps and rubbers

90c per doz. One-half gallon fruit cans with caps

and rubbers, \$1.10 per doz.

Verily, merrily, more and more,

It pays to trade at

#### GLAZIER'S STORE

#### GET THE BEST!

The best is good enough for the man who respects himself and loves his famwants the best

## ROAD WAGON OR CARRIAGE

and he buys them of . .

### F. STAFFAN & SON.

who also deal in Brick and Lime.



These men are not blow-Ing their horns for fun, but least refrain from being reckless and strictly for business.

I am in the Boot and Shoe business and you can save money by purchasing

## Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps,

and other articles in that line of me.

Goods all new. Bought at bottom prices for cash Store in McKune Block.

#### THE CHELSEA STANDARD

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1892.

Napoleon died while a prisoner a St. Helena, under the delusion that he was again at the head of his army. Cyrus W. Field, while delirous, was not ily. Such a man always harrassed by the troubles that have recently beset him, but imagined that he was laying that crowning achievement of his career, the Atlantic cable.

> THE colored people of Ypsilanti under the leadership of Rev. Mr. Davis, are raising money to prosecute Officer Eaton who captured the brute Griffin, who assaulted Mrs. Ring, at Ypsilant on the 14th of May last. Griffin contessed his guilt, and how any law abiding citizen can sympathize with such a brute and prosecute the officer who made the arrest, even if he had to use force, is beyond explanation.

THOUGH we are just beginning to reliaze that summer has arrived, the papers are already furnishing the reports of drowning accidents from ne merous causes, but always with harrowing details. Boating parties supply many of the disasters and, as a rulo, those who can swim are lost in a heroic effort to rescue those who cannot. It is as easy to learn to swim as to walk, and no parent has fulfilled his duty to his child, be it son or daughter, who has not fitted it to take care of itself in the water with skill and confidence. If young men and women are not up in the art of swiming, they can at toolhardy when boating in deep water, In the event of trouble there, no amount of gallantry or courage can serve them so well as a few lessons in the proper management of arms and legs.—Ex.

The Correct Columbus Day.

The recent action of congress changto October 21st is a step in the direcso long overlooked.

vance of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America it should take place on the date which marksthe true century point. It is obviously stupid to await the recurrence of a date which by reason of arbitrary changes in the methods of reckoning time has lost its significance and does not indicate the true cycle or years.

Every American knows that Columbus discovered this hemisphere on October 12, 1492, and at first thought October 12, 1892 would seem to mark the 400th anniversary of that event. But it will be remembered that time was then calculated upon a different basis then is now in vogue.

For many centuries the Julian calendar was the accepted authority for all calculations, although its inaccuracy was not unknown. In 1582 a reformation took place. The Gregorian calendar was then introduced in Europe, and this calendar is now used in all civilized nations, with the exception of Russia, which still adheres to the Julian method of computing time. When this reformation occurred it was found necessary to drop ten days from the calendar; and October 4, 1582 became October 15, 1582. These dropped days were the accumulations of many centurys of erroneous reckoning. The Julian calendar assumed that a year contained 3651 days, and as this was 11 minutes and 14 seconds too long, the error amounted to 3 days every 400 years. The Gregorian calendar corrected this defect by making every centurial year a common year unless divisible by 400, whereas by the Julian calendar every year (centurial year included) divisable by 4 was a leap year. Thus by the new style of computation the years 1500, 1700, and 1800 were not leap years.

As previously stated the reformation took place in 1582, and ten days were suppressed. But as the discovery of Anything funnier than a pair of horses STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-America was previous to the year 1500 Columbus beheld these shores.

For these reasons, together with the fact that every precedent is in favor of adopting the "new style" of reckoning, we favor the change. The Gregorian calendar was not introduced into Great Britain until 1751, ignorance and prejudice defeating the change up to that time. Consequently it has been necessary to correct the dates of our American anniversaries which commemorate events previous to 1751, Washington was born February 11th, but by the "new style" his birthday falls on the 22nd, and that is the day we celebrate. The anniversary of the Forefather's Day and of the tounding of the city of Boston are both observed on the corrected date. It is unfortunate that the act of congress of April 25, 1890, naming October 12th 1892, as the date of the dedication of the World's Fair grounds has not been amended by a change of date to October 21st. The fair will practically be a year late, and the dedicatory exercises should take place on the true anniversary, which is October 21st. Congress has already shown its good sense by placing its popular and general celebration of which the public schools are to be the centers on the correct date. It only remains for congress to extricate the nation from the comical predicament of a two-headed celebration of Discovery day by changing the Chicago date to correspond; with the corrected date it has already set for the popular public school celebrations.

#### Horses with Veils.

It is very comical to see in the streets of Colorado Springs horses decked out with veils. We have grown accustomed to the jaunty little hats worn by many horses in our own towns to protect them from the heat of the sun. We can even see an umbrella fastened over their heads without surprise, but a veil gives to the noble beast a dandyish look that is very droll. Some of these veils, belonging to fine saddles, are mere fringes of fine strips of leath. ing the date for the national public er that hang before the eyes; others are school celebration from October 12th pieces of mosquito netting drawn tightly back and fastened like a lady's tion of scholarly accuracy, and it is veil; but the most stylish, and altoremarkable that it should have been gether effective, are of netting drawn over a loop which holds it away from W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER. If there is to be a national obser- the eyes, yet completely protects them.

Geo.H. Kempf's

You can buy all summer goods at cost to clean up stock.

This means all summer goods and at these prices, you will get them only at the Busy Store.

GEO. H. KEMPF.

# WE ARE HEADQUARTERS

For Oliver Plows, Spring Tooth Harrows, Buggies Platform and Lumber Wagons.

We are making some very low prices on FENCE WIRE. Come and see us.

# HOAG&HOLMES

going gravely about the streets wearwhich by the Gregorian calendar was ing these exaggerated goggle arrangeeven the life of the horse demands it. Colorado, with all its great attractions has one plague-the plague of flies. Flies of all sizes, from the least up te the enormous bluebottle are everywhere. Most parts of his body the horse can himself protect if not deprived of his tail, but his eyes he cannot; and these delicate organs are special objects of attack by the fly tribe. It is the least a man can do to provide a protecting veil for his most faithful service. - Congregaionalist.

The Echo of a Kiss.

The following interesting table of scientific accuracy. It appears to be the record of a drummer, and may considered authentic. He gave it the title, which we have retained, meaning, apstatistics is believed to possess a true which we have retained, meaning, apparently, what each girl said:

New York girl-Thanks, awfully. Providence girl-Oh, mamma! Philadelphia girl-Are you sure nobody saw us?

Baltimore girl—Dear George. Boston girl-Mr. Bunkerhill, your conduct shocks me beyond utterance. Washington girl-Well, I suppose I'll have to pardon you.

Pittsburg girl-Oh, Harry! Cincinnati girl-What bad form! Indianapolis girl-Ah there! Chicago girl-More! More! Detroit girl-Well, I declare! Louisville girl-Yum. Yum. St. Louis girl-How shocking! Nashvilel girl—Oo! Oo! New Orleans girl-Oh, my! Kansas City girl-Break

Denver girl-Gosh. Every girl-Oh don't.

### MICHIGAN CENTRE



The Niagara Falls Rnite. TRAINS LEAVE;

EAST-5:04, 7:15, 10:21 A.M. 3:48, P.M. WEST-10:10, A. M. 6:18, 9:58 P.M.

Ripans Tabules cure the blues.

Ripans Tabules cure scrofula.

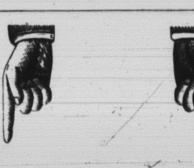
an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 19th day of May. A.D.1892, six months from thatdate were allowed which by the Gregorian calendar was common, there are but 9 days to omit. Consequently on October 21, 1892, the sun will occupy the same relative position to the earth as on the 12th of October, 1492, when for the first time Colore, 1492, when for the first time Colore, heads a control of the control of t O'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.
Dated, Ann Arbor, May 19, A. D. 1892.
J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate

#### TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersinged having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for sev-eral years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease.Consumption. Is anxious to mak, known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge a copy of the prescription used which they will find a sure cure for consump tion, Asthma, Catarrh. Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all suffer-ers will try his remedy as it is invaluable Those desiring the prescription which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York

A gentleman having been cured of Nervous Prostration Seminal Weakness, Premature De cay, and all the evil effects of early indiscretion



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